

ANNUAL REPORT 2022

Reconfiguring
for Growth



Corporate Information

BANKERS:

State Bank of India

HDFC Bank

AUDITORS:

M/s. K. S. Aiyar & Co.

Chartered Accountants, Mumbai.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Rohan Deshpande

REGISTERED OFFICE:

CIN: L28910MH1979PLC020959

Shangrila Gardens, 'C' Wing, 1st Floor,

Opp. Bund Garden,

Pune-411 001.

Tel. +91 2137 252 335/755

Fax +91 2137 252344

Email: companysecretary@kforge.com

Website: www.kalyaniforge.co.in

WORKS:

Hot Forging Division (HFD)

Koregaon Bhima,

Tal. - Shirur,

Pune - 412 216.

Metal Forms Division (MFD)

Koregaon Bhima,

Tal. - Shirur,

Pune - 412 216.

Precision Autocomp Division (PAD)

Gat No. 914/1 & 2,

Sanaswadi Tal. - Shirur,

Pune - 412 208.

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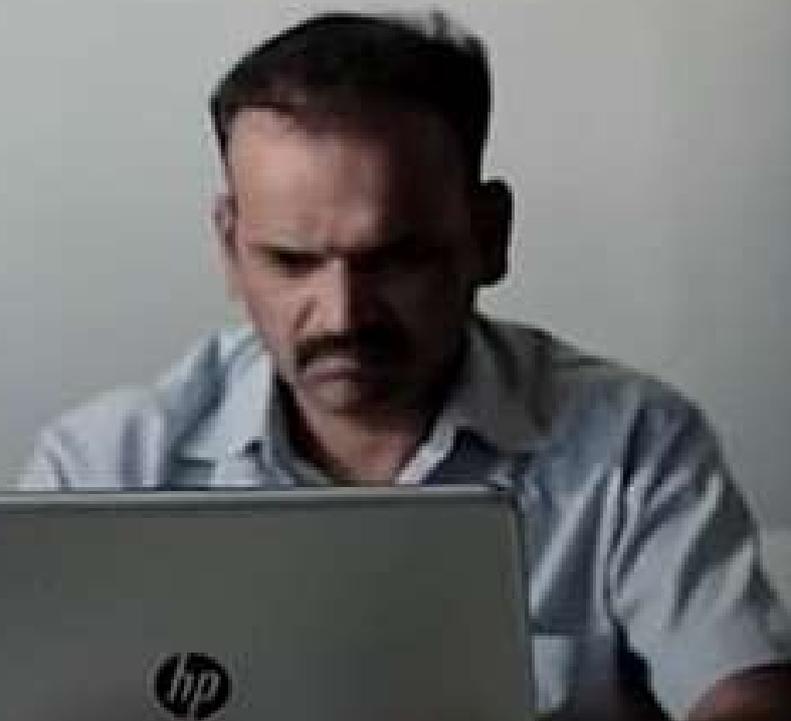
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KALYANI



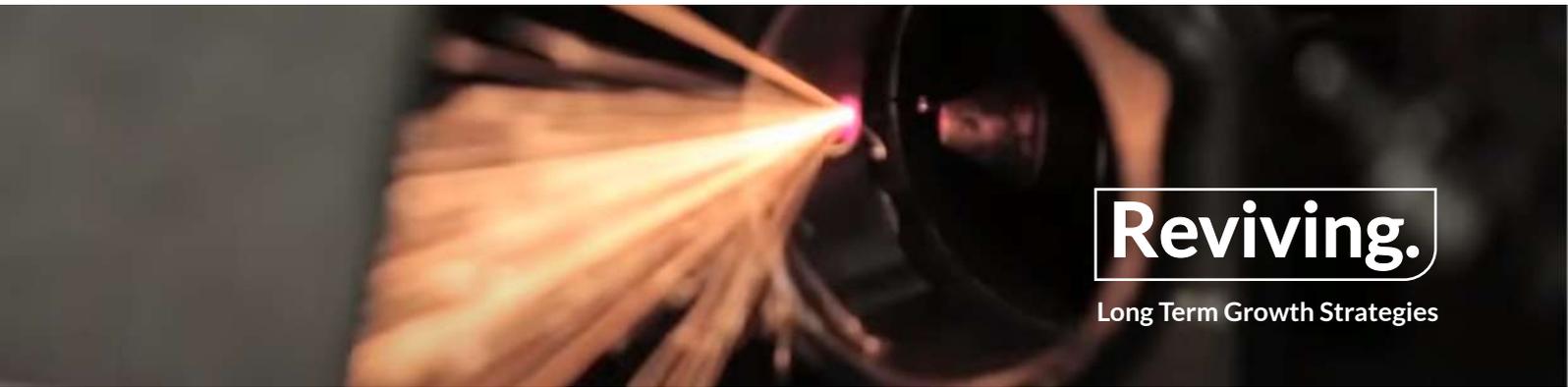
CORPORATE OVERVIEW

Reconfiguring for Growth

The journey of true growth is seldom linear. It is a culmination of experiences, innovation and expertise coming together with a volatile economy to create a non-linear yet inspiring growth journey. Kalyani Forge Limited, a value-based company, continues to witness the power of reinventive growth.

The non-linear nature of our growth journey is seen in each decade. The 2000's were a decade of strong growth and investments in machining and becoming a full-service auto component manufacturer. The 2010' were about expanding into warm and cold forging technologies becoming the only company in India having all hot, warm and cold forging expertise under one roof. The start of the 2020's was a once in a century type of challenge and hence we had to keep our strategies on the back-burner and focus on managing operational challenges and costs to ensure organizational longevity. Now the time has come to rev up the engines again for this decade.

Our mantra here is 'Reconfiguring For Growth'. It starts with bringing back the set of growth strategies which were initially formulated in 2015, refreshing them with latest trend lines and market developments and implementing within every aspect, team and function at Kalyani Forge.



Reviving.

Long Term Growth Strategies



Reimagining.

Market Segments and Product Categories for focused new business development.



Recalibrating.

Adjusting to new realities of the automotive industry

We are going through a cathartic transformation in a bid to prepare ourselves for the bold future we envision for Kalyani Forge Limited. Every department, every innovation and every employee work cohesively under the lens of this transformation and growth. The unified vision is to go above and beyond the norms of this challenging industry and encourage ourselves to experience transformative change.

Message from the Executive Chairperson

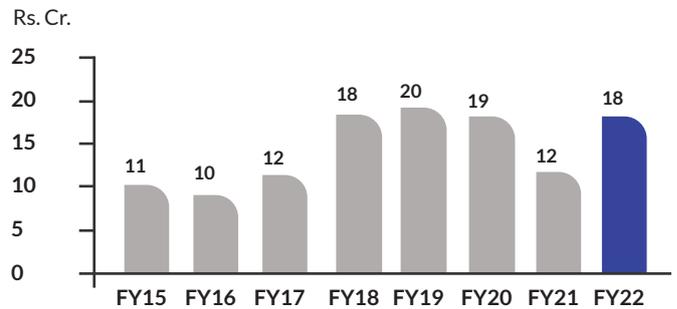


We had a good year with the sign of growth in our top line. Your Company has surpassed the difficult phase of COVID and geopolitical unrest. We are hopeful that the global market will recover with the positive swings. During the year we demonstrated strong cost discipline, continued to maintain high customer centricity, and sustained operational efficiencies, leading to a better financial performance as compared to previous year.

Reviving Growth Strategy

We utilized this year to consolidate our position in automotive forgings and machined components and gear up for vehicle electrification with our OEM customers. Along with this we have made strides in the Industrials segment and since 2018 we have achieved doubled the level of Industrial sales compared to the preceding years.

Industrial Segment Sales



Dear Shareholders,
I am pleased to present to you Kalyani Forge Limited Annual Report for FY 2021-22.

We have revived our strategies for growth which were formulated in 2015 and continued till the pre-pandemic period.

Our organic growth strategy consists of 4 levers:

- Customer Acquisition
- Global Expansion
- Complex Products Diversification
- Segment Leadership

New Orders

During the year Company has seen continued growth in existing customers and inflows of new customer orders. We utilized the time to develop new products for existing and new customers. We generated new orders in Auto, Commercial Vehicles and Industrial, based in India, USA, and Europe.

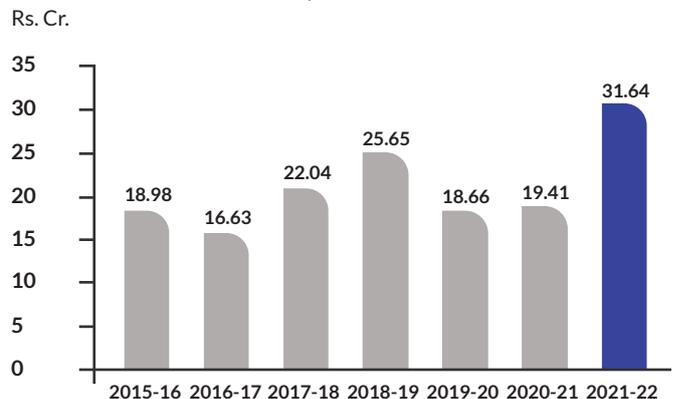
The FY 2021-22 has gone by with several challenges right from Covid-19 second wave affecting the first and second quarter of the year, increase in geopolitical tension between Ukraine and Russia which eventually lead to increase in prices of raw materials and constraints in global supply chains. Despite the challenging global situation, we remained focused about our market opportunities and providing the best to our customers.

Performance

The year 2021-22 was very challenging for your company too. The Company continues to forge ahead on long-term strategic growth path. And I am happy to state that we stood up to the challenge with grit and determination. The relentless commitment and dedication of every member of the Company helped it to overcome many challenges during the year. This has made it possible to present you the financial results for the year 2021-22 with robust set of numbers and ratios. The Company has always made efforts to increase value to its shareholders and reward them whenever possible and with this positive note your board has recommended a dividend of Rs. 3.00 (30%) on a face value of Rs. 10 each. In the last year we had declared dividend of Rs. 1.50 per share.

We have achieved a Total Revenue of Rs. 247.82 Crores, EBITDA of Rs. 19.10 Crores and Profit After Tax of Rs. 3.13 Crores.

Export Sales



New Manufacturing Processes

As part of complex products diversification, we have successfully established new value-added manufacturing processes for driveline and transmission products. These include induction hardening, keyway broaching and spline broaching for leading customers located in Europe. This will enable us to expand our driveline market for higher performance cars.

Electric Vehicles

The Government of India has undertaken multiple initiatives to promote the manufacturing and adoption of electric vehicles in the country. With the considerable expansion in the public EV charging infrastructure, the electric vehicles have started penetrating the Indian markets. The motive behind the promoting the electric vehicles is for sustaining the resources and have clean and green environment

Your company has already started participating in the development programs of EVs with leading car OEMs in India. We hope to start serial production in the coming financial year. We will be further participating in the green initiative of Government of India by investing in R&D towards manufacturing parts for electric vehicles.

I have confidence in our team members and their ability to deliver innovative and best in-class products and solutions to our customers. Looking ahead, we will focus on building a long-term sustainable business where every customer, partner, supplier, and employee can benefit in the shared value of our business success.

I thank our employees and all stakeholders, customers, suppliers, bankers, financial institutions, and consultants for their support throughout the year.

I am confident in our growth and improved performance over the medium to long term. I also take this opportunity to thank all the stakeholders for continuing to believe in our vision and work.

Warm regards,



Rohini G. Kalyani
Executive Chairperson



Forging Industry - the Backbone of India's Manufacturing Economy

The forging industry has been considered the most fundamental DNA of any manufacturing industry. It has been critical in supporting the growth of sectors that drive global economies forward. Forging finds its application in various crucial industries such as automotive, machinery, electricity, transportation, construction, mining, engineering and more. Some of the most elemental growth in sustainable technological development has happened within the automotive sector within the manufacturing set-up.

However, the repercussions of the Covid-19 pandemic have been quite significant for every economy, including the forging industry. This steadily growing industry witnessed a massive setback due to a halt in manufacturing and global purchasing power witnessed across the globe. The onset of the pandemic has magnified the global economic slowdown, and each wave continues to challenge how industries learn and adapt to this tumultuous economic environment. The forging industry is no stranger to this setback.

However, at Kalyani Forge Limited, the company understands the nuances of how the future looks. We have imbibed an innovation-based, technology-dependent approach toward redefining our future going forward. This belief is going to form the base of our new future. We are continually adopting international practices, investing in new-age research and acquiring skills that will take the Indian forging industry to the next level of the global map. With supportive government initiatives like Make in India and skill India, Kalyani Forge Limited has been able to harness the power of technology and local resources for business transformation.

As per data published on the Engineering Review Online Asset, September 2021, "India has an annual output of about three million MT and the forging industry has around 400 forging units, of which 83 per cent can broadly be categorised as tiny and small enterprises, and nine per cent

are medium-sized, the remaining being large scale. Domestic SMEs usually contribute **30** per cent of the forging production while medium and large-scale units contribute the remaining **70** per cent. The total forging production of the country is worth Rs. **45000-50000** crore, and the forging industry provides direct employment to more than **300,000** people along with an additional **60,000** contractual labourers."

Kalyani Forge Limited continues to be a part of this thriving economy by contributing to its growth trajectory. With the company's unmatched management, technical experts, and a research-based approach, the company continues to charter new ground every day.



About Kalyani Forge Limited

Kalyani Forge Limited is a leading player that has dominated the forging industry with its innovation and tech-based approach.

Kalyani Forge is an evolving engineering and forging company, known for expertise in high-precision metal forming. Over 40 years in the making, it stands strong on the foundation of rich manufacturing legacy, depth of knowledge and vast experience of the industry. It provides technological solutions in the form of high quality products/services for a niche clientele and is also a trusted supplier to several allied industries in the global market.

At Kalyani Forge, manufacturing and engineering are tools for problem-solving and delivering breakthrough solutions to enhance consumer experience. Customer focus, innovation and keen attention to the automotive and industrial ecosystems are integral to this progression.

Metal forging has diverse applications, often used for high performance, strength and reliability, where tension, stress, load and human safety are critical considerations. It is also employed in a wide range of demanding environments, including highly corrosive, extreme temperatures and pressures.

Our company has been critical in delivering top-notch quality products and services using our lean methodology, 'The Kalyani Operating System' or KOS.



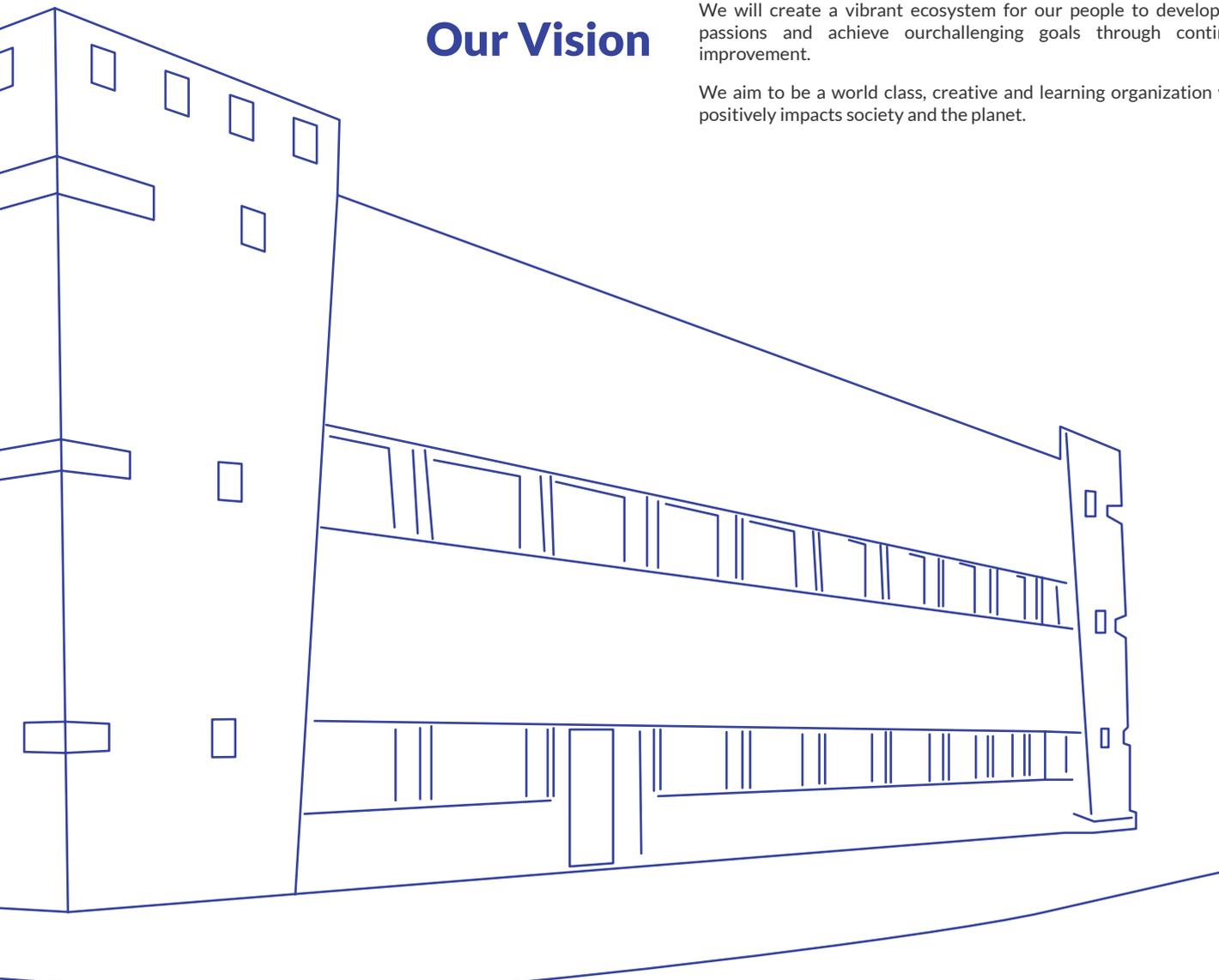
Our Vision

Kalyani Forge will make better precision manufactured products for the world by leading the way in engineering, design and manufacturing technology.

We will be a quality, full-service provider and strategic partner of choice for our customers.

We will create a vibrant ecosystem for our people to develop their passions and achieve our challenging goals through continuous improvement.

We aim to be a world class, creative and learning organization which positively impacts society and the planet.



KFL Annual Report Breakdown

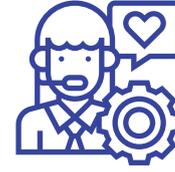
The Covid-19 Pandemic continued to have a trickle-down effect on businesses across the global arena. Businesses have witnessed a slow but steady pick across the automotive and manufacturing sectors. Kalyani Forge Limited has been on the receiving end of this steady growth trajectory. Let's deep dive into how the company has continued to tread forward with conscious intentions and efforts.

Business Initiatives



Preparing for The Electric Vehicle Revolution

The world is witnessing a paradigm shift towards sustainable, eco-friendly initiatives that promise a thriving future. Kalyani Forge Limited joins this sentiment by focusing efforts on the electric vehicle segment and exploring this category. Generally, the EV category is quite limited in terms of its forging needs. The quintessential parts in an EV include the Motor, Reducer, Battery, On board charger, and Electric Power Control Unit. However, there is an absence of IEC in electric vehicles, thereby limiting the need for forging. However, the company is dedicated to assisting in this category's growth and has found its application in transmission assembly parts used in EVs. This segment requires the involvement of a competent forging partner, and KFL intends to go full throttle in delivering value-based, high-quality products and services to the EV segment.



Faster Response to Customers

Global semiconductor chip shortage has been a recurrent and persistent threat to global supply chain cycles. This has been impacting the global economic slowdown further. In addition, the rising oil and gas prices have further escalated this situation causing disarray in how businesses function.

As a way of combating this, KFL has upgraded its operational capabilities. This involves being on time, before schedule in terms of our delivery cycles, having prompt & effective forecasting and ensuring that we maintain our delivery turnaround times.

In addition, we ensure seamless communication with our customers throughout the process. Having predictability of our orders, working with reliable and robust supply chain partners and keeping our sale cycle short are some of the ways in which we ensure maximum delivery with minimal hassle. To extend additional support, we also arrange weekly con calls with clients and sales-representative to understand any discrepancies and troubleshoot them before time. This is also accompanied by regular customer visits to maintain a thriving customer relationship. This allows the company to stay abreast with customer grievances and understand customer needs with better clarity.



Customer Continuity and Driving New Sales

Improving our customer lifetime value remains our top priority. The company has continued to maintain its older business accounts effortlessly. With a dedicated team for maintaining each client, KFL has continued to drive positive customer relationships. This has resulted in an average order schedule over the past year despite a turbulent economic market situation.

Our older clients are our most prized assets. We have maintained old customers and retained their regular orders. In addition, we have managed to develop new customer acquisitions situated in Europe.

Our competency in R&D and new developments has been the reason for our new associations with customers based in the USA, Germany, France, and Europe.

Some other positive & promising news includes adding the renowned heavy Commercial Truck Manufacturing Industry based in France into our customer portfolio. Furthermore, we are looking further to strengthen our ties with the European Automobile Industry Group. Additionally, we are also exploring business opportunities within France and many more such reputed industry names.



International Business Growth

Maintaining international clients requires a dedicated customer service team, a competent supply chain and a seamless communication channel. We have been able to go above and beyond in serving our international clients. This has resulted in an increase in supplies to our valued customer based in the USA. Other companies situated in Hungary have also displayed a consistent uptake and promise steady growth in the coming quarters. In addition, we have escalated business relations with Walterscheid to allocate more parts for KFL by transferring some shares from their existing supplier.

Business Performance Highlights

- » The commercial vehicles segment observed a 62% increase in sales as compared to previous years.
- » Overall, the KFL business experienced a 31% deviation as compared to the previous year.
- » Four segments, i.e. the commercial vehicle, industrial, passenger vehicle and power + turbochargers, witnessed a growth curve.
- » The company saw a net ton production of 8564 tons, as compared to the previous year 7682 tons.

(₹ in Lakhs)



Passenger Vehicle

FY 2020-21	Report
3374.55	Increase
FY 2021-22	% Growth
4279.72	27%



Commercial Vehicle

FY 2020-21	Report
2443.40	Increase
FY 2021-22	% Growth
3960.08	62%



Power + Turbochargers

FY 2020-21	Report
5271.65	Increase
FY 2021-22	% Growth
7467.47	42%



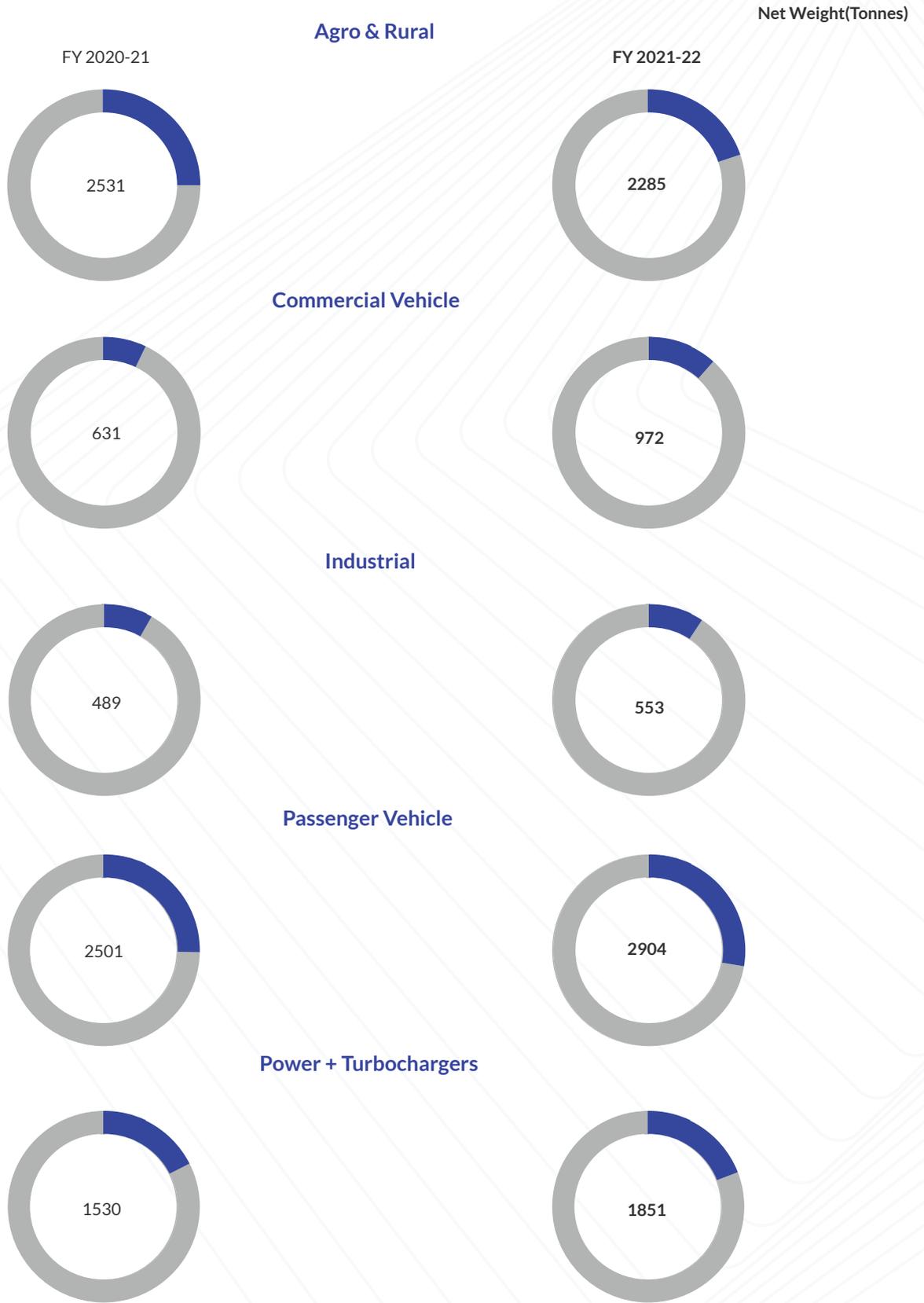
Industrial

FY 2020-21	Report
1343.66	Increase
FY 2021-22	% Growth
1760.10	31%



Agro & Rural

FY 2020-21	Report
3898.89	Steady
FY 2021-22	% Growth
3870.57	-1%



Financial Performance

Creating a consistent, sustainable, long-term financial returns system has always been our priority. As a result, the company has managed to raise funds at highly competitive rates owing to its market reputation and client trust. In addition, the company has always honed in on offering complete transparency and integrity to its investors.

KFL has therefore performed with high competence this financial year and below stated at the key performance indicators.



Sustainability of Business

Economic Value Creation

Consistent improvement in Net Debt/Equity from **0.26** times in **FY21** to **0.25** times in **FY22**

Efficient Working Capital Management

Net cash flow from operations increasing by **₹5.36** crore from **FY21(+74%)** from **₹7.27** crore in **FY21** to **₹12.63** crore in **FY22**

Improving ROCE

Steady improvement in ROCE from **0.11%** in **FY21** to **0.15%** in **FY22**

The deployment of capital is adequately represented in Financial Capital, of which some outcomes are as under,

Outcomes

Value Creation

EBITDA Margin %	
7.61 FY20-21	7.71 FY21-22
PAT (Rs in Crore)	
(1.76) FY20-21	3.13 FY21-22
Net Debt to EBITDA Ratio	
1.88 FY20-21	1.36 FY21-22

Contribution to Stakeholders

Dividend (Rs in Crore)	
0.57 FY20-21	1.09 FY21-22*
Market Capitalisation BSE (Rs in Crore)	
71.39 FY20-21	63.28 FY21-22
Payments to Governments (Rs in Crore)	
14.49 FY20-21	19.88 FY21-22

* Recommended by the Board of Directors, subject to approval of shareholders

** Payments to Government include paid/payable towards Income Tax, GST, custom Duty & local taxes (net of refund received if any)

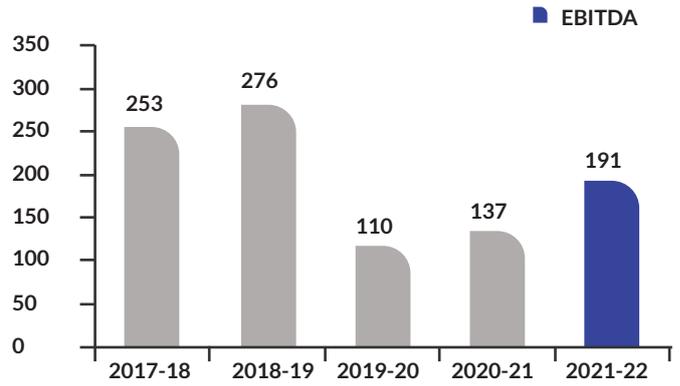
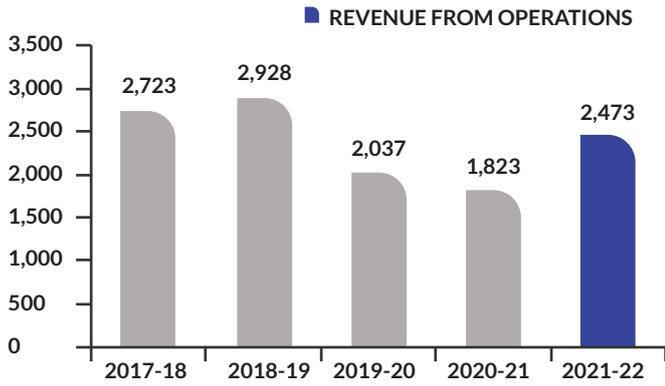
Our Profit After Tax has risen significantly this financial year, recovering from the loss of the previous year. There is an increase in dividends to shareholders.

In terms of generating employment, the company has spearheaded its way forward. With a growth in client requirements, the company has invested in human resources and create employment opportunities.

An amalgamation of these activities has resulted in an overall positive contribution to the country as a whole.

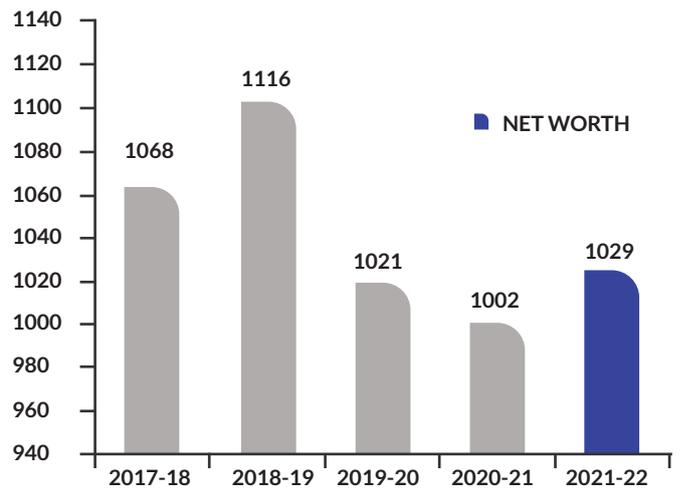
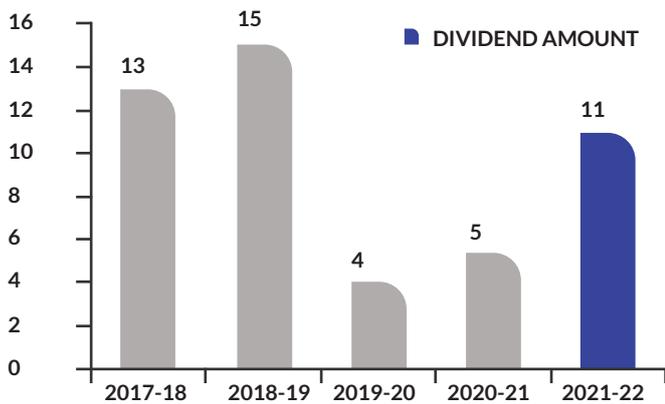
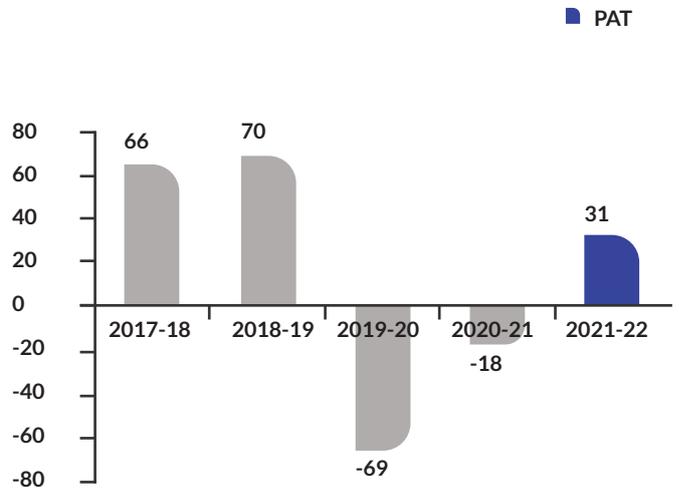
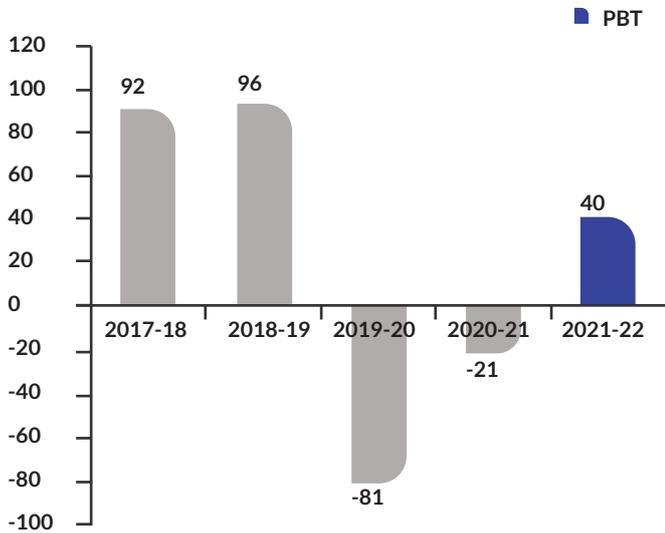
Summary of Financial Performance

₹ in Million



Revenue from operations increased by 36% Rs 2,478 million in FY 2021-22, that of the previous year as there is improvement in customer schedule

EBITDA increased by 40% to Rs 191 million in FY 2021-22 due to product mix.



Increased in dividend payment by 100% Rs 11 million in FY 2021-22 as a reward to the share holders

Net worth increased by 3% Rs 1029 million in FY 2021-22 as the profit for the period is retained as reserved

People Growth and Development

The KFL management is dedicated to building a strong team that allows talent to thrive, resulting in overall growth. The company has been focused on building a robust career trajectory for the diverse talent pool within the company. Each workforce has its vision aligned with the company's holistic objectives, vision and mission. The company plays its part in creating a nurturing environment that allows talent to thrive, grow, learn and bloom. The company prioritises performance, efficiency, safety and integrity.

Training a future-ready workforce

Training and development are an indispensable part of a thriving and growth-based organisation. KFL consistently works towards empowering its workforce to improve its competencies. The company forces prime importance on developing employee skillsets in every aspect. The company proposes to develop a wide spectrum of training courses to enhance various aspects of their professional growth. The organisation offers courses that are set to enhance overall skills that include behavioural, interpersonal and functional skills.

Health and Safety

Our organisation believes in creating a holistic balance with respect to overall health and safety practices. Our team is committed to providing safe and healthy working conditions. The environment is created in a way conducive to resources to offer maximum productivity and competence.

The company takes initiatives toward the continual improvement of organisational practices. This includes conducting training on Tool Box Talks on Risk control and commonly accepted unsafe practices. These initiatives were conducted across all units for manpower across the organisational hierarchy, such as workers and supervisors.

This was followed by identifying wrong or unsafe practices and taking corrective measures to implement safety measures.

The covid-19 pandemic posed a major threat to everyone across the globe. The company aided employees by providing safety gear such as masks, sanitisers etc., across the organisation to every workforce. In addition, initiatives were taken to educate and inform the workforce about vaccination, and steps were identified to aid vaccination. For instance, establishing contact with local centres and assessing certificates.



Leadership Promotions and Talent Pipeline

The company was in line to witness a steady rise in its growth trajectory. Therefore, there was a need for appropriate delegation and distribution of responsibilities. The company upgraded and promoted a number of senior-level managers in order to keep up with the increased responsibilities. This was also an initiative taken to acknowledge and appreciate the hard work and dedication of competent team players who have achieved tangible results. The promotions and responsibilities were a result-driven activity to applaud the significant contribution to the organisation. For instance, During the year, people were recognised internally and were given the responsibilities of heading the Plant Operations, which were earlier in the role of Manager or Department Head.

Operational Excellence

While the previous years witnessed a de-growth due to the effects of the pandemic, this year showed promise. The company boasts three manufacturing assets in Pune and has witnessed an upward sales trend. In addition, the Operational efficiency for Machining Component Division improved by 20% in the 4th Quarter as compared to the 1st Quarter of the FY 21-22.

Key Achievements

The company undergoes various vendor Audits in relation to the quality, process etc. Following are the Certifications achieved by the company during the Financial Year 2021-22.

- Your company won Quality management system certification of ISO 9001:2015. This has entitled us to Supply to leading customers in a non-automobile segment
- KFL successfully achieved the green category as a Tier 2 supplier for one of the leading Automobile Manufacturers in December 2021
- Your company won Recertification of International Automotive Task Force (IATF) 16949:2016 for automobile customers

Key Initiatives

The company has trudged forward massively by reducing its customer complaint instances for quality issues by **75%**. Additionally, It was observed that the quality of products in Machining Component Division production lines improved by **11.5%**, capacity increased & achieved in VEPT Machining line by **22%** in FY 21-22.

The company took a massive leap toward sustainable practices by introducing returnable pallets. This helped the company reduce its overall plastic usage by reducing plastic products and straps.

The company also installed a Scrap Bailing Machine responsible for saving the amount of scrap created. It also improves safety while increasing the sale price for the scrap.

Research and Innovation

KFL believes in continual improvement of our systems, processes and capacity. A key feature of continual growth, we believe is focused research and development efforts. Our approach is always innovation based. We are continually seeking methodologies and systems that make our systems, products more efficient.

The company therefore consciously invests in Research & innovation initiatives. The firm currently boasts an in-house, well-established R&D facility. This facility covers critical R&D functions such as design centre, proto development centre and testing and validation facility for developing new and innovative products.

Our core focus areas include

- To develop new and innovative forgings and engineering components
- To improve in the areas of technologies up gradation
- To conserve energy through a reduction in fuel consumption
- To take measures and steps for improvements in material yield
- To optimise forging and machining processes and minimisation of pollution

Competent R&D Team

KFL has meticulously put together a high qualified, experienced team of experts. Our team vehemently follows a zero defects policy, producing zero defects and passing on zero defects. This core mantra has been the backbone of our stellar quality throughout the years.

Although KFL commenced R&D work from the Year 1979, the KFL R&D unit has been recognised with the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR), which is under the Ministry of Science and Technology, Government of India, in the Year 2018. As per Central Government policy, KFL renewed the in-house R&D unit recognition license in Oct 2021. It remains valid until Dt. 31/03/2024. Renewal approved after compliance with terms & conditions pertaining to this recognition. In line with this, KFL has a pollution control certificate for all types of machinery and equipment installed in the factory, including R&D machinery.

New Product Capabilities

The company witnessed a roadblock with respect to dependability on outsourced assets such as machines, manpower and special machine schedules. As a result, there were issues with availability that could threaten the seamless process our team follows.

To troubleshoot this hassle, the team has started developing in-house machining capabilities.

Following is the list of machining capabilities explored in-house KFL under R&D activities in FY 2021-22

Wheel Gear

Tripod

Bell Forging

Inner Race & Outer Race

New Manufacturing Processes

Over the past five years, KFL has developed the following processes which include:

Induction hardening & tempering

Serration milling in connecting rod

Keyway broaching and spline broaching

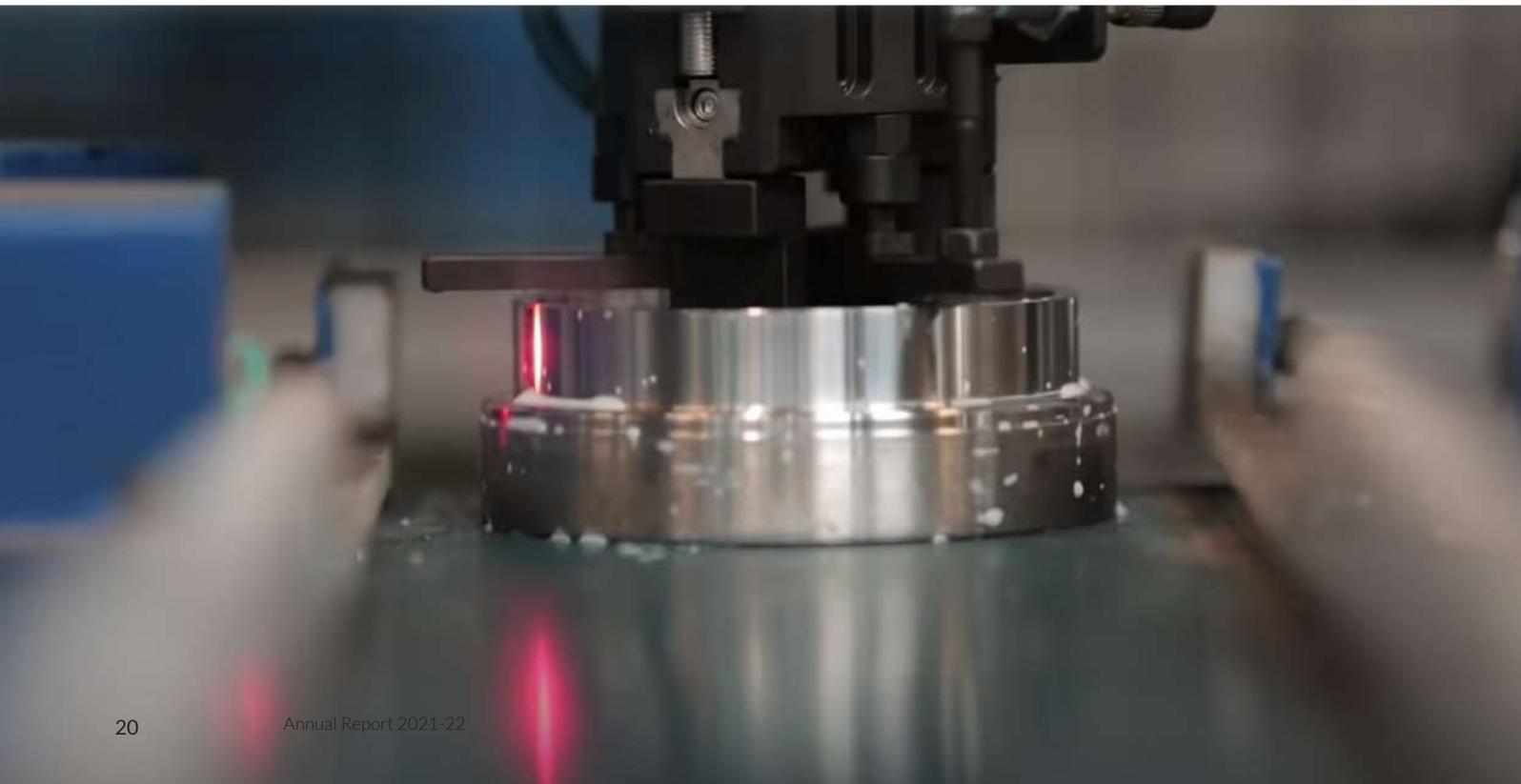
Vision system for thread missing detection

Auto weight balancing for weight detection and grading

Cold stamping before Ironing operation

Laser Marking Conrod Tulips

These process capabilities have unlocked new market segments in KFL's growth plans, particularly in the rapidly evolving automotive market which has a focus on better performance with increased fuel efficiency and electrification.



Corporate Social Responsibility

KFL truly believes that a thriving organisation has a responsibility towards society, the nation and the world. With CSR initiatives, our company continues to follow through with a passion for giving back to society.

Sustainable development of society is a major theme of the KFL CSR policy. We aim to be an added asset to the government's role in society's welfare. The KFL team works cohesively to uplift and empower the marginalised section of society. We create projects that aim to improve the lives of the more economically deprived sections of society. Especially those with limited access, such as women, children and the elderly. The company continually organises initiatives that involve volunteering for various CSR projects.



The unspent resources of the previous years were tactfully used throughout the year for activities that included

Providing care for children with cerebral palsy and special needs with Savali Foundation, Pune.

Donation for the higher education of underprivileged girl child through Srajan Vidyavrat Private Limited, Pune.

Board Of Directors

Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani	Executive Chairperson	(DIN: 00519565)
Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	Executive Director	(DIN: 02268846)
Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Director	(DIN: 00519610)
Mr. Abhijit Sen	Independent Director	(DIN: 00002593)
Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Independent Director	(DIN: 01670826)
Mr. Adit M. Rathi	Independent Director	(DIN: 00084380)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Abhijit Sen	Non- Executive Independent Director	(Chairman)
Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Non- Executive Independent Director	
Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Non- Executive Director	

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Non- Executive Independent Director	(Chairman)
Mr. Abhijit Sen	Non- Executive Independent Director	
Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Non- Executive Director	

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Non- Executive Director	(Chairman)
Mr. Abhijit Sen	Non- Executive Independent Director	
Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Non- Executive Independent Director	

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani	Executive Chairperson	(Chairperson)
Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Non- Executive Independent Director	
Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	Executive Director	

STATUTORY REPORTS

Management Discussion and Analysis

i. Overview:

The objective of this report is to convey the Management's perspective on the external environment and forging industry, as well as strategy, operating and financial performance, material developments in human resources and industrial relations, risks and opportunities and internal control systems and their adequacy in the Company during the FY 2021-22.

This should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements, the schedules and notes thereto and other information included elsewhere in the Integrated Report. The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') complying with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended and regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') from time to time.

ii. External Environment Economic Scenario:

The global economy recovered in 2021 following the disruption caused by COVID-19 in 2020. On the back of international collaboration in adapting functional health policies and efficient fiscal and monetary policies, the global economy is estimated to grow by 6.1% in 2021, compared to a contraction of 3.1% in 2020. As the new Omicron COVID-19 variant spreads, countries have re-imposed mobility restrictions. The global economy were encountered one of its biggest challenges in 2021, the global economy enters 2022 in a weaker position than previously expected. With the pandemic continuing to maintain its grip, the emphasis on an effective global health strategy is more salient than ever.

Further, the ongoing development in electronic vehicle sector and slower-than-expected recovery of industrial consumption and the ongoing tension between Russia and Ukraine have impacted on material and consumables prices and on supply chain which has resulted in limiting the growth prospects.

With the vaccination programme having covered the majority of the population, recovering economic momentum and the likely long-term benefits of supply-side reforms in the pipeline, the Indian economy is in a good position to witness GDP growth of around 8.0%-8.5% in 2022-23.

iii. Opportunities & Threats:

India enjoys a strong position in the global heavy vehicles market as it is the largest tractor producer, second-largest bus manufacturer, and third-largest heavy trucks manufacturer in the world. The company has scope to extend the market share into these sectors also there is scope to diversify in other sector, particularly the defense sector where the government is intends to reduce the defense export and procure defense requirements indigenously.

The several initiatives by the Government of India to reduce the carbon emission and control pollution during past year, The Indian automotive industry focus is shifting towards electronic vehicles, India is also a prominent auto exporter and has strong export growth expectations for the near future. In addition, several initiatives by the Government of India and major automobile players in the Indian market are expected to make India a leader in the two-wheeler and four-wheeler market in the world.

The company is having conventional the 'in-house research unit' and successfully pursuing and associate with the international clients. As the prominent exporter and with strong expectations the company is focusing on expanding market in France, Brazil and Germany. The company implements strategic conversion across the board in recapturing OEMs clients.

The Indian economy faces weaker recovery after impact of COVID-19 due to new Omicron variant and ongoing pressure between Russia and Ukraine.

iv. Outlook:

The COVID-19 pandemic leading to disruptions in supply chain and surging inflation rate Economy is encounter the Government introduced various policies to cushion the impact on the domestic economy and in specific vulnerable sections of society and the business sector. There is upward trend in total production in the automobile sector. The fact that the world is globalizing rapidly would also open newer avenues for the transportation industry, especially shifts towards electric, electronic and hybrid cars and providing new opportunities. With many units shifting their base to India, the Euro VI norms, the make in India drive of the government and stable Central government have created a very positive outlook for the coming year. The defense sector would open another dimension for the forging industry.

v. Risks and Concerns:

Amid of New Omicron COVID-19 variant and effect of tension between Russia and Ukraine, the Indian economy face slower recovery results in slowdown in automobile sector. Underutilization of capacity of Installed machinery resulting in increasing the fixed cost of the company. Estimated Lower sales will result in machine line becoming idle and idle raw material. The growing cost of key raw materials may impact revenues and net profitability of the organization.

The company is focusing on exploring new business opportunities by quoting competitive prices to survive in current scenario. Action plans of increasing productivity and other measures are taken to keep the production cost in control.

vi. Financial and Operational Performance:

The company is currently embraced with cold and hot forge methods with target of operational excellence. The company has undertaken numerous operational initiatives to improve performance and reduce material loss. Undertaken impactful actions to make its quality control process robust and reduce cost of production. We have implemented strict control on raw material purchase and implemented productivity measures, both manpower and machine productivity, Also a number of cost control and cost management measures were initiated during the periods of slowdown this year to improve the financial performance.

vii. Key Financial Ratios:

In accordance with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Amendment Regulations, 2018 the Company is required to give details of significant changes (changes of 25% or more as compared to immediately previous financial year) in financial ratios are as follows.

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	Reasons for Deviation
Inventory Turnover Ratio	2.83	2.17	The deviation was due to increase in the production activity raw material consumption increased.
Interest Coverage Ratio	0.71	0.52	The deviation was due to increase in the profit for the year.
Net Profit Margin	0.01	-0.01	The deviation was due to increase in the profit for the year.

viii. Manpower Development in HR and Industrial relations:

Over the years Company has maintained consistency in its efforts in training and developing its human resource with a view to face the competition. Industrial relations were in order throughout the year and there was satisfactory co-operation between the management and the workers in working towards the overall objectives of the Company.

ix. Cautionary Statements:

Statements made in this Management Discussion Analysis report describing the Company's projections expectations, estimates, global conditions, government policies etc. contain forward looking statements based upon the data available with the Company. The Company cannot guarantee the accuracy of assumptions and perceived performance of the company in future based on this data and the assertions made in the report. Therefore it is cautioned that the actual results may materially differ from those expressed or implied in and through this analysis.

Board's Report

The Board of Directors of your Company is pleased to present the 43rd Annual Report together with the Audited Statement of Accounts of Kalyani Forge Limited ("the Company") for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Financial Performance

The summarized standalone results of your Company are given below.

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Financial Year ended 31 st March, 2022 Standalone	
	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
Total income from operations (net)	24,650.21	18,078.36
Profit/(loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax	402.12	(207.24)
Exceptional Items and Tax Expenses	88.86	(31.21)
Net Profit/ (Loss) After Tax for the Year	313.26	(176.03)
Balance of Profit from Previous Year(Retain Earnings plus Other Comprehensive Income)	8,001.38	8,194.36
Other Comprehensive income for the year	15.85	19.43
Dividend Amount Paid	(54.57)	(36.38)
Balance of Total at the end of reporting period includes Retained Earnings and Other Comprehensive Income	8275.92	8,001.38

Summary of Operations

During the year, the net revenue from operations of your Company for FY 2021-22 increased by 36.35% to 24,650.21 Lakhs against Rs. 18,078.36 Lakhs for the FY 2020-21. Your Company's Profit after tax stood at Rs. 313.26 Lakhs as against profit of Rs. (176.03) Lakhs for FY 2020-21.

Change in the nature of business, if any

There is no change in the nature of the business of the Company during the year.

Reserves

The Company has not transferred any amount to General Reserves for the year under review.

Dividend

Your Directors are pleased to recommend for approval of members a dividend of Rs.3.00/- per equity share (30%) at the face value of Rs.10/- per share for the Year ended 31st March, 2022.

Capital/ Finance

During the year, the Company has not issued/allotted equity or preference shares. As on 31st March, 2022, the issued, subscribed and paid up share capital of your Company is at Rs.3,63,80,000/-, comprising 36,38,000 equity shares of Rs.10/- each.

Fixed Deposits

Your Company has not accepted any deposits from public, Therefore, details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

Material Events Occurring after Balance Sheet Date

There were no material changes, events and commitments affecting the financial position of your Company between the end of the Financial Year and the date of this report.

Annual Return

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) read with Section 134 (3) (a) of the Act, the Annual return in Form MGT -7 as on March 31, 2022 is available on the Company's website

<https://www.kalyaniforge.co.in/investors/annual-reports/>

Transfer of Amounts to Investor Education and Protection Fund

Pursuant to the provisions of the Investor Education Protection Fund (Uploading of information regarding unpaid and unclaimed amounts lying with companies) Rules, 2012, the declared dividends, which are unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven (7) years and the shares thereof, shall be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government.

Accordingly, during the year, the Company has transferred the unpaid or unclaimed dividend that has remained outstanding for a period of seven (7) years from the date they became due for payment, alongwith the shares thereof to IEPF.

Details of Board meetings

The Board met Four times during year from 1st April 2021 to 31st March 2022. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under Act.

Composition of Board and its attendance:

The composition of the Board of Directors as on 31 March 2022 and attendance of members in the meetings held during the financial year 2021-22 are as under:

Name of the Director	Designation	Category	No. of meetings attended
Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani	Chairperson of the Board	Executive Chairperson	4
Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Member of the Board	Non – Executive & Non Independent Director	4
Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	Member of the Board	Executive Director	3
Mr. Abhijit Sen	Member of the Board	Non – Executive & Independent Director	4
Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Member of the Board	Non – Executive & Independent Director	4
Mr. Adit Rathi	Member of the Board	Non – Executive & Independent Director	4

Committees of Board

The composition of the Committees of the Board of Directors has been detailed in the Corporate Governance annexure to this report.

Declaration by Independent directors

Pursuant to the provisions of section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni, Mr. Abhijit Sen & Mr. Adit Rathi are the independent directors and have submitted declarations that each of them meet the criteria of independence as provided in section 149(6) of the act along with rules framed thereunder and regulation 16 (1) (b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. There has no change in the circumstances affecting their status as Independent directors of the Company

Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

As per Companies Act, 2013 provisions, Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani, (DIN : 00519610) Non- Executive Directors retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

The Board of Directors, Based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration committee, appointed Mr. Adit Rathi as an Additional Director in the category of Independent Director by passing Circular resolution as on April 14, 2021. Accordingly, board recommended to appoint Mr. Adit Rathi in 42nd Annual General Meeting, held on August 14, 2021 as Independent Director for Shareholders Approval. The Shareholder approved the appointment Mr. Adit Rathi in 42nd Annual General Meeting by passing ordinary resolution as Non-Executive Independent Director of the company for the term of consecutive 05 years till the year 2026 at the general meeting.

Mr. Vishwas Chitrao, Independent Director, was appointed as Independent Director for the 05 years up to April 2021, has successfully completed the tenure of 05 years on April 15, 2021 and ceased to be Independent Director of the Company.

Mr. Abhijit Sen was appointed as Independent Director, has completed his term of consecutive 05 years as Independent Director and proposed to reappoint for 2nd term of consecutive period of 05 years as Independent Director with effect from August 14, 2021 with the Shareholder approval in 42nd Annual General Meeting by passing ordinary resolution. Board considers that, given his professional background, experience and contributions made by him during his tenure, the continued association of Abhijit Sen would be beneficial to the Company.

Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani, resigned from the post of Chief Executive Officer (CEO) as on 28th October 2021 and continue to serve as Executive Director of the Company.

Mr. Amol G. Khutwad, resigned from the Company as Chief Financial Officer of the Company w.e.f. February 2, 2022. The Board places same on record.

The Board at its meeting held on February 2, 2022 appointed Mr. Laxmi Narayan Patra as the Chief Financial Officer Designate of the Company w.e.f. February 3, 2022.

Formal Annual Evaluation

SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 mandates that the Board shall monitor and review the Board evaluation framework. Also, the Companies Act, 2013 states that a formal annual evaluation needs to be made by the Board of its own performance and that of its Committees and individual Directors. In addition, Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 states that the performance evaluation of Independent Directors shall be done by the entire Board of Directors, excluding the Director being evaluated.

In pursuance of above, the Company has devised a Policy for performance evaluation of Independent Directors, Board, Committees and other individual Directors which includes criteria for performance evaluation of the Non- Executive Directors and Executive Director.

The Company commenced with the review of the best practices prevalent in the industry and evaluation of Board members. On the basis of review and the Policy for performance evaluation of Independent Directors, Board, Committees and other individual Directors, a process of evaluation was followed by the Board for its own performance and that of its Committees and individual Directors.

At a Separate meeting of Independent Directors held on March 22, 2022, performance evaluation of Chairperson, Non- Independent Directors, and the Board of Directors was carried out by Independent Directors which has also reviewed the adequacy of the flow of information between the Company Management and Board.

The detailed programme for familiarisation of Independent Directors with the Company, their roles, rights and responsibilities in the Company, nature of business, AOP, business model of the Company, etc. was undertaken by the Company.

A formal evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees, the Chairman and the individual Directors was carried out. Led by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, the evaluation was carried out using individual questionnaires. As part of the evaluation process, the performance of Non-Independent Directors, the Chairman and the Board was conducted by the Independent Directors. The performance evaluation of the respective Committees and that of Independent and Non-Independent Directors was done by the Board excluding the Director being evaluated.

Company's policy on appointment and remuneration

The policies relating to selection of Directors and determining Directors independence and Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees is attached herewith and marked as **Annexure 1**, you may also find policy on appointment and remuneration on companies website: <https://www.kalyaniforge.co.in/investors/corporate-information/>

Highlights on Company's policy on Sexual Harassment

As per "SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMAN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013", the highlights of the policy adopted by the company is attached herewith marked as **Annexure 2**

Holding, Subsidiaries, Associates or Joint Venture Companies

During the period under review the Company does not have any holding, Subsidiary, Associates or Joint Venture company.

Statutory Auditors, their Report and Notes to Financial Statements

The Statutory Auditors M/s K.S. Aiyar & Co. Chartered Accountants, Mumbai, having Firm Registration No 100186W, has been reappointed in 42nd Annual General Meeting, held on August 14, 2021, as Statutory Auditors of the Company for Second Term of consecutive 5 years, till the conclusion of the 47th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the calendar year 2026. The Companies Act, 2013 was amended to remove the provisions related to ratification of the Appointment Auditors and therefore there is no requirement of ratification of Appointment of Auditors of the Company.

The Notes to the financial statements referred in the Auditors Report are self-explanatory. There are no qualifications or reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimers given by Statutory Auditors' of the Company and therefore do not call for any comments under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Auditors' Report is enclosed with the financial statements in this Annual Report.

Internal financial controls

The Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal financial control as per Section 134 of the Act. The Board has laid down policies and processes in respect of internal financial controls and such internal financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively. The internal financial controls covered the policies and procedures adopted by your Company for ensuring orderly and efficient conduct of business including adherence to your Company's policies, safeguarding of the assets of your Company, prevention and detection of fraud and errors, accuracy and completeness of accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information

Cost Audit

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Act read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Amendment Rules, 2014 and as per the Cost Audit Orders, the cost audit records maintained by the Company in respect of its Forging Business which is required to be audited.

In view of the same and in terms of the provisions of Section 148 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, M/s. R.C.K & Co. Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No. 002587), Mr. Rahul Chincholkar, Patner (F-27063) have been appointed as Cost Auditors to conduct the audit of cost records of your company for the financial year 2022-23. The remuneration proposed to be paid to them requires ratification of the shareholders of the Company. In view of this, your ratification for payment of remuneration to Cost Auditors is being sought at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act, read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the Company has maintained cost accounts and records.

Secretarial Audit

In terms of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, Mr. Nitin Prabhune (Membership No. FCS 6707) Company Secretary in practice has been appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company. The report of the Secretarial Auditors is enclosed as **Annexure 3** to this report. There are no qualifications, reservations, adverse remarks or disclaimers made by the Secretarial Auditors in their report.

Reporting of fraud by auditors:

During the year under review, the Auditors of the Company have not reported any fraud as specified under Section 143 (12) of the Act to the Audit Committee.

Secretarial Standards

The company has complied with the revised Secretarial Standards on meetings of the Board of directors (SS-1) and Secretarial Standards on general meetings (SS-2).

Significant and Material Orders Passed by the Regulators or Courts

There are no significant material orders passed by the regulators and courts which would impact the going concern status of the company

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments

Details of loans, guarantees and investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, are given in the notes to the Financial Statements. (Refer Note 3 of the Financial Statements)

Material Changes and Commitments

There have been no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the company, which have occurred between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

Human Resources:

Your Company treats its "human resources" as one of its most important assets.

Your Company continuously invests in attraction, retention and development of talent on an ongoing basis. A number of programs that provide focused people attention are currently underway. Your Company's thrust is on the promotion of talent internally through job rotation and job enlargement.

Related Party Transactions:

All contracts/ arrangement/ transactions entered by the Company during the Financial Year with related party were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. Such transaction forms part of the notes to the financial statements provided in the Annual Report.

During the year, the particulars of any contract / arrangement / transaction with related parties which could be considered material entered into in accordance with the policy of the Company on materiality of related party transactions which is available on the Company's Website: www.kalyaniforge.co.in.

The summary of related party transaction in Form AOC-2 is enclosed **Annexure 4**. Related Party disclosures as per Ind AS 24 have been provided in Note 30.7 (b) to the financial statements.

Risk Management Policy:

In terms of the requirement of the Companies Act, 2013 the Company has developed and implemented the Risk Management Policy and the Audit Committee of the Board reviews the same periodically. The detailed Risk Management Policy is available on Company's website. Highlights of the same are enclosed in **Annexure 5**.

Management Discussion and Analysis:

Management Discussion and Analysis comprising an overview of the financial results, operations / performance and the future prospects of the Company form part of this Annual Report.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR):

The Company has adopted the CSR policy pursuant to Sec 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The disclosure as per Rule 9 of Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 is enclosed as **Annexure 6**. The detailed Corporate Social Responsibility Policy is available on Company's website.

Highlights of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy:

The Company proposes to undertake CSR projects and programmes in respect of the activities stated below with a preference to implement these projects and programme in the areas in which it operates:

- Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting health care including preventive health care and sanitation and making available safe drinking water;
- Promoting education including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects.
- Promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting-up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centres and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups.
- Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agroforestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water.
- Protection of national heritage, art and culture including restoration of buildings and sites historical importance and works of art; setting-up public libraries, promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts.
- Measures for the benefit of armed forces veterans, war widows and their dependents.

- Training to promote rural sports, nationally recognised sports, Paralympics Sports and Olympic Sports.
- Contribution to the Prime Minister’s National Relief Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government or the State Governments for socio-economic development and relief and funds for the welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women.
- Contributions or funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by the Central Government.
- Rural development Projects.

Particulars of Employees:

Pursuant to the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, statement of particulars of employees is annexed as **Annexure 7**.

Details of establishment of vigil mechanism for directors and employees:

The details of establishment of vigil mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns are to be disclosed.

Highlights of Whistle Blower Policy are enclosed in **Annexure 8**.

Corporate Governance Certificate

The Compliance certificate from the Auditors regarding compliance of conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 is annexed with the report.

Details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

The Company, in its continuous endeavor to conserve energy, has adopted various innovative measures to reduce waste and to achieve optimum utilization of energy resulting into good earning of Power Factor incentive from MSEB and in turn resulting into reduction of power cost.

a. Conservation of energy

(i)	the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy	The Company, in its continuous endeavor to conserve energy, has adopted various innovative measures to reduce waste and to achieve optimum utilization of energy resulting into good earning of Power Factor incentive from MSEB and in turn resulting into reduction of power cost.
(ii)	the steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy	
(iii)	the capital investment on energy conservation equipment	-

b. Technology absorption

(i)	the efforts made towards technology absorption	-
(ii)	the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Productivity improvement in both forged and machined components together with competitive quality. • Process technology improvements to achieve competitive advantage in the business. • Successful commercial scale up of forged and machined parts. • Capability building for attracting new customers.
(iii)	<p>in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)-</p> <p>(a) the details of technology imported</p> <p>(b) the year of import;</p> <p>(c) whether the technology been fully absorbed</p> <p>(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof</p>	-
(iv)	the expenditure incurred on Research and Development	-

Total energy consumption and energy consumption per unit of production as per Form – A of the Annexure to the Rules is as given below:

Sr. No.	Description	2021-22	2020-21
1)	POWER AND FUEL CONSUMPTION		
I)	Electricity		
	a) Purchased Units (KWH)	1,96,84,220	1,66,56,410
	Total Amount (In. Rs)	19,63,03,607	16,92,01,132
	Rate/Unit (Rs)	9.97	10.16
	b) Own Generation		
	i) Through Diesel Generator (Units generated)	5,644	38,755
	ii) Total Diesel consumption (Ltrs)	1,022	6,980
	ii) Through Steam Generator (KWH)	0	0
II)	Coal		
III)	Fuel Oil (FO + CBFS)		
	Quantity (Ltrs.)	7,17,930	6,25,000
	Total Amount (In Rs.)	3,29,87,679	2,31,12,767
	Average Rate /Litre (Rs.)- FO+CBFS	46	37

Sr. No.	Description	2021-22	2020-21
2)	CONSUMPTION PER UNIT OF PRODUCTION		
	Product : high quality closed tolerance die forgings		
	Unit : M.T.	11,509	9,246
	Electricity (KWH/M.T.)	1,711	1,832
	Fuel Oil (KL/M.T.)	0.06	0.07
	Coal	0	0

Research & Development (R&D):

I) Specific Areas of Research & Development-

Development of new products both in the area of forging as well as Machined components for Domestic & Export sales:

During the year 2021-22, Company made significant achievements in the area of product Development. The Company developed variety of products as per the specific requirements of the customers such as Machined Tripods, Machined Outer races, Machined Arm Front Suspension LH and RH, Inner and Outer Chain Links, Fracture Connecting Rod Assembly, Machined Nozzle Rings, Forged stub axles etc.

1. Introduced and established Induction Hardening technology for Inner and outer Hubs.
2. Hydraulic Blasters introduced for Warm and hot forging components to reduce die setup time and to improve forging quality.
3. Introduced W303 Die material for Male & Female Tripot Dies to improve die life – by VAVE Approach.
4. Procurement of equipment's for the research and development activity.

On the above said research and development activities, the company has spent Rs. 240.96 Lakhs (Capital Expenditure Rs. 16.52 Lakhs and Revenue Expenditure Rs.224.22 Lakhs) during the year.

II) Future Plan of Action:

1. Introduce Spline Rolling technology for Drive Line Parts.
2. Introduction of Auto Die Lubrication Systems for Tulips (Warm Forging parts) to maintain cleaner environment.
3. Bell Forging with where combination of warm and cold Forging o form Negative tracks (New Technology).
4. VMC – 4 Axis for Warm & Cold forging parts Die manufacturing.

5. Research & Development in Single Minute Exchange of Dies (SMED) project.
6. Focused development of variety of warm and cold forging and machined premium components.
7. Optimization of input material to improve maximum forging yield ratio.
8. Hydraulic Blasters to be introduced for hot Forging components to reduce die setup time and improve forging quality
9. Auto Die Lubricants to be introduced to Hot Forging Presses
10. Wire Welding Technology to be introduced to Die Forging to improve Die quality and reduce welding defects.

The company has budgeted Rs. 700.00 Lakhs for the above activities during the next financial year.

(b) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo:

During the year, the total foreign exchange used was Rs. 6, 84, 41,232.78 and the total foreign exchange earned was Rs. 28, 58,94,396.65

(c) Technology Absorption, Adaptation and Innovation:

Through In-house Research and Development activities Company has developed Outer race forgings for driveline assemblies with internal tracks by warm and cold forging method. With the help of fracture split technology, the Company is now moving towards adoption of technology for critical automotive connecting rods for the overseas markets.

Directors' Responsibility Statement:

Pursuant to the requirement clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that:

- a. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures; if any
- b. the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for the year;
- c. the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e. the directors, had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- f. the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Acknowledgement:

Your Directors place on record their appreciation for employees at all levels, who have contributed to the growth and performance of your Company.

Your Directors also thank the clients, vendors, bankers, shareholders and advisers of the Company for their continued support. Your Directors also thank the Central and State Governments, and other statutory authorities for their continued support.

For and on behalf of the Board

Rohini G. Kalyani

Executive Chairperson

(DIN : 00519565)

Place : Pune

Date : May 27, 2022

Annexure 1

Board Nomination And Remuneration Committee Charter

1. Objectives of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

- 1.1 The Nominations and Remuneration Committee (the "Committee") of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Kalyani Forge Limited (the "Company") shall discharge the Board's responsibilities to shareholders, the investment community and other stakeholders with respect to (i) preparations relating to the election of members of the Board of Directors (ii) handling matters within its scope of responsibility that relate to the conditions of employment and remuneration of senior management; (iii) setting the performance standards, budgets and targets for the Executive team of the Company; (iv) setting the compensation and performance bonuses of the Company's executive officers; (v) overseeing the Company's Human Resources and People strategy; (vi) Identifying Independent Directors to be inducted to the Board from time to time; (vii) to recommend nomination for Chairmanship & memberships of various committees viz. Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, etc functioning under the Board of Directors of Kalyani Forge Limited; and (viii) Performing such other duties and responsibilities as may be consistent with the provisions of this charter.
- 1.2 The Committee will report periodically to the Board on its activities.

2. Composition

- 2.1 The Committee shall comprise of three or more non-executive directors out of which not less than one half shall be independent directors as members. The Chairman of the Committee shall be an independent director and the Chairperson of the Company may be appointed as a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee but shall not chair such Committee.
- 2.2 The Chairman of the Committee shall be an independent director, elected from amongst the members of the Committee.

3. Meetings and quorum

- 3.1 The Committee shall meet at least four times in a year and not more than four months shall elapse between any two meetings.
- 3.2 The Committee may invite such of the executives, as it considers appropriate to be present at the meetings of the committee.
- 3.3 The Head of Company Secretary for the Company shall act as the secretary to the Committee.
- 3.4 The quorum for the Committee Meetings shall be two-thirds of the members of the Committee. However, at least one independent member must be present.
- 3.5 The Chairperson of the committee could be present at the Annual General Meeting to answer the shareholders queries, However it would be up to the Chairman to decide who should answer the queries.

4. Authority and Powers

The Committee shall have the powers:

- 4.1 To investigate any activity within the scope of this Charter or referred to it by the Board; to seek any information or explanation from any employee or director of the Company; To ask for any records or documents of the Company;
To engage independent consultants and other advisors and seek their advice.

5. Roles & Responsibilities

The responsibilities of the Committee shall be the following:

5.1 Relating to the Company:

Identify the person qualified to become directors and may be appointed in senior management and recommend their appointment and removal and also carry out evaluation of every director.

Evaluate & approve the Company's remuneration plan, annual salary increase principles and budgets, policies & programs such as succession plan, employment agreements, severance agreements, and any other benefits.

Evaluate issues pertaining to the appointment and remuneration payable to senior executives.

Evaluate terms & conditions relating to the Annual and Long Term Incentive Plans of the Company, including plan design, supervision and pay outs.

Consider & approve matters relating to Normal retirement plans, Voluntary Retirement & Early Separation Schemes for employees of the Company.

Evaluate the terms and conditions for induction of independent Directors to the Board and review the processes to refresh the composition of the Board and its Committees.

To devise a policy on Board diversity, such other matter as the Board may from time to time request the Committee to examine & recommend or approve.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall ensure while formulating the policy determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director that –

- 5.1.1 The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the company successfully;
- 5.1.2 Relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- 5.1.3 Remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals; Provided that such policy shall be disclosed in the Board's report.

5.2 Relating to the Performance and Remuneration of the MD, ED's and the KMP's:

Establish key performance metrics to measure the performance of the Managing Director and the KMP's including the use of financial, non-financial and qualitative measures.

Evaluate executive team performance regularly to strengthen the cumulative annual assessment and to provide timely feed-back to the assessed individuals. Developing a view on the human resources capability in the business by periodically engaging with levels below the executive team.

Evaluate executives for elevation to Board level positions.

Review and recommend to the Board the remuneration & commission to the managing and executive directors. Relating to the Performance and Remuneration of the Non-executive Directors:

Define the principles, guidelines and process for determining the payment of commissions to non- executive directors of the Company.

Assist the Board in fulfilling its corporate governance responsibilities relating to non-executive directors' remuneration.

5.3 Relating to the induction of independent Directors and the nomination to the Committees of the Board:

Evaluate the terms and conditions for induction of independent Directors to the Board and review and frame the processes to recommend the nomination on the Committees of the Board. Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors.

5.4 Other functions:

Perform other activities related to this Charter as requested by the Board of Directors.

Carry out additional functions as required by other regulatory requirements applicable to the Company or in the terms of reference of the Committee.

6. Reporting

- 6.1 The Committee will periodically report to the Board on various matters that it has considered.
- 6.2 The Annual Report of the Company shall disclose the composition of the Committee, brief description of the scope of the Committee Charter, names of members, Chairperson, Meetings and attendance.

7. Compensation

Members of the Committee shall receive such sitting fees and / or commission, if any, for their services as Committee members as may be determined by the Board in its sole discretion.

8. Evaluation

The Committee shall conduct an annual self-evaluation of its performance and report the result to the Board of Directors. It shall confirm annually to the Board that the responsibilities outlined above have been carried out.

9. Review of Remuneration Committee Charter

The adequacy of this Charter shall be reviewed and reassessed by the Committee annually. Appropriate Recommendations shall be made to the Board, (based on changes that may be brought about to the regulatory framework or otherwise) from time, to time to update the Charter.

For and on behalf of the Board

Rohini G. Kalyani

Executive Chairperson

(DIN: 00519565)

Place : Pune

Date : May 27, 2022

Annexure 2

Highlights of Sexual Harassment Policy

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE "SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMAN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013".

In terms of Section 22 of the above mentioned Act, read with Sexual Harassment of Woman at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Rule, 2013, we report as follows for the year ended on March 31, 2022:

1	No. of Complaints received in the year	:	Nil
2	No. of Complaints disposed off in the year	:	Nil
3	Cases pending for more than 90 days	:	Nil

For and on behalf of the Board

Rohini G. Kalyani

Executive Chairperson

(DIN : 00519565)

Place : Pune

Date : May 27, 2022

Annexure 3

FORM NO. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2022

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,

Kalyani Forge Limited

CIN: L28910MH1979PLC020959

Shangrila Gardens C Wings 1st Floor

Opp. Bund Garden,

Pune 411001, Maharashtra

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **KALYANI FORGE LIMITED (CIN: L28910MH1979PLC020959)** (hereinafter called the 'Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Kalyani Forge Limited books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company records made available to me either physically or electronically and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter, subject to some observations in filing and submission of disclosures and documents/ information under applicable Rules, Regulations and applicable Laws :

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Kalyani Forge Limited for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made there under; **(Not applicable to the company during the period of audit)**
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- iv. Provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial borrowing **(Not applicable to the company during the period of audit)**.
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') viz. :
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992.
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; **(Not applicable to the company during the period of audit since the Company has not made any further issue of Shares during the financial Year under review)**
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee stock option scheme and Employee stock purchase scheme) Guidelines, 1999; **(Not applicable to the company during the period of audit as the Company has not introduced any such scheme during the Financial Year under review)**
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt securities) Regulations, 2008; **(Not applicable to the company during the period of audit as the Company has not issued any debts securities during the Financial Year under review)**
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; **(Not applicable to the company during the period of audit as the Company has not registered as Issue and Share Transfer Agent during the Financial Year under review)**
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity shares) Regulations, 2009; and **(Not applicable to the company during the period of audit as the Company has not delisted/ proposed delist its Equity Shares from any Stock Exchange(s) during the Financial Year under review)**
 - The Securities And Exchange Board Of India (Buyback of securities) Regulations, 1998; **(not applicable to the company during the period of audit as the Company has not brought back/proposed to Buy- back any of its securities during the Financial Year under review)**
- vi. Other laws applicable to the Company mentioned in 'Annexure B' to this Report.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses and regulations of:

- i. The Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- ii. The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange.
- iii. SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

1. The following are the details of actions taken against the listed entity by SEBI/ Stock Exchanges:

Sr. No	Action taken by	Details of violation	Details of action taken E.g. fines, warning letter, debarment, etc.	Observations/ remarks of the Practicing Company Secretary, if any
-	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

I further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

The decisions at the Board meetings, as represented by the management, were taken unanimously/ by majority.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Place: Pune

Date: 27.05.2022

CS Nitin B Prabhune

FCS. 6707

CP No. 3800

UDIN: F006707D000400188

PRN: 952/2020

***This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A, Annexure B and Annexure C which form an integral part of this report.**

Annexure A

To,

Kalyani Forge Limited

(CIN: L28910MH1979PLC020959)

Shangrila Gardens C Wings 1st Floor

Opp. Bund Garden,

Pune 411001, Maharashtra

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on the secretarial records based on our audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company and relied on the Statutory Auditor and Tax Auditor of the Company for Financial and taxation matters.
4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis. I have relied and done audit based upon the disclosures made and information provided by the management, its representatives and employees of the company more specifically for other laws.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Place: Pune

Date: 27.05.2022

CS Nitin B Prabhune

FCS. 6707

CP No. 3800

UDIN: F006707D000400188

PRN: 952/2020

Annexure B

List of applicable laws to the company

1. Labour laws
2. Competition Act, 2002
3. The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act , 2013 and the rules made thereunder
4. Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
5. Electricity Act, 2003
6. Indian Stamp Act, 1999
7. Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881
8. Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and rules there under
9. Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and rules there under
10. Local Municipal Laws

I further report that, the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws such as direct and indirect tax laws and maintenance of financial records and books of accounts have not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to review by the statutory financial auditors, tax auditors, and other designated professionals.

Place: Pune

Date: 27.05.2022

CS Nitin B Prabhune

FCS. 6707

CP No. 3800

UDIN: F006707D000400188

PRN: 952/2020

Annexure C

List of documents verified during the course of Audit:

1. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.
2. Annual Reports for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2021, 31st March, 2020 and 31st March, 2019.
3. Minutes of Board of Directors, Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee with Attendance Registers till 31st March, 2022.
4. Minutes of General Meeting Minutes till 31st March, 2022.
5. Statutory Register of the Company includes
 - Register of Directors and KMP.
 - Register of Members
 - Register of Directors shareholding
 - Register of Charge
 - Register of Contracts
 - Register of loans, guarantees, securities and acquisitions made by the Company.
 - Register of Transfers
6. Declarations received from the Directors of the Company pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 and Section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013.
7. Forms filed by the Company with the Registrar of Companies, Pune till 31st March, 2022. Documents/ correspondence made by the Company to Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange.
8. Information about various filings done by the Company to the Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange.

Place: Pune

Date: 27.05.2022

CS Nitin B Prabhune

FCS. 6707

CP No. 3800

UDIN: F006707D000400188

PRN: 952/2020

Annexure 4

Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

Not Applicable as there are no related party transactions during the year which were not on arm's length basis

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

During the Financial Year 2021-22, all the transactions entered into with related parties were at arm's length.

For and on behalf of the Board

Rohini G. Kalyani

Executive Chairperson

(DIN : 00519565)

Place : Pune

Date : May 27, 2022

Annexure 5

Highlights of Risk Management Policy

With the past experience and to ensure sustainable business growth with stability, the Company proposes to promote and implement a Risk Management policy, a pro-active approach in reporting, evaluating and resolving risks associated with the business.

The specific objectives of the Risk Management Policy shall be:

1. To ensure that all the current and future material risk exposures of the Company to be identified, assessed, quantified, appropriately mitigated, minimized and managed i.e. to ensure adequate systems for risk management.
2. To establish a framework for the company's risk management process and to ensure its implementation.
3. To enable compliance with appropriate regulations, wherever applicable, through the adoption of best practices.
4. To assure business growth with financial stability.

The Company recognizes that risk is an integral and unavoidable component of business and further wishes to manage the risk in a proactive and effective manner. The Company further believes that the Risk cannot be eliminated, but can try to eliminate the same using the following:

5. Transfer to another party, who is willing to take risk, say by buying an insurance policy or entering into a forward contract;
6. Reduced, by having good internal controls;
7. Avoided, by not entering into risky businesses;
8. Retained, to either avoid the cost of trying to reduce risk or in anticipation of higher profits by taking on more risk, and;
9. Shared, by following a middle path between retaining and transferring risk.
10. Ensure customer continuity by way of Quality satisfaction, Quantity requirements and meeting with other business compliances.
11. Contingency Plans, in case of discontinuation of customer.

Risk Management Framework

Activities at all levels of the organization, viz., Enterprise level; Division level; Business Unit level shall be considered in the risk management framework. Since these components are interrelated and drive the Enterprise Wide Risk Management, the company initially shall focus on three key elements, viz.,

1. Risk Assessment
2. Risk Management
3. Risk Monitoring

Risks are to be analyzed, considering likelihood and impact, as a basis for determining how they should be managed. Risk Assessment shall consist of a detailed study of threats and vulnerability and resultant exposure to various risks.

Risk Management and Risk Monitoring

In the management of Risk the probability of risk assumption is estimated with available data and information and appropriate risk treatments worked out in the following areas:

1. Economic Environment and Market conditions
2. Fluctuations in Foreign Exchange
3. Political Environment
4. Competition
5. Revenue Concentration
6. Inflation and Cost Structure
7. Technological Obsolescence
8. Financial Reporting Risks
9. Legal Risk
10. Compliance with Local Laws
11. Quality and Project Management
12. Environmental Risk Management

Risks specific to the Company and the mitigation measure to be adopted:

- a. Business dynamics & Operations Risks Risk mitigation measures: The Company functions under a well- defined organization structure.

Flow of information is well defined to avoid any conflict or communication gap between two or more Departments.

Second level positions are created in each Department to continue the work without any interruption in case of non-availability of functional heads.

Proper policies are followed in relation to maintenance of inventories of raw materials, consumables, key spares and tools to ensure their availability for planned production programs.

Effective steps are being taken to reduce cost of production on a continuing basis taking various changing scenarios in the market.

Customer Satisfaction in respect of Quality, Quantity and other business compliances. Long term customer relationship to be maintained.

New business avenues to be found and contingency plan in case of discontinuation of Customer to be prepared.

b. Liquidity Risks

Risk Mitigation Measures:

Proper financial planning is put in place with detailed Annual Business Plans discussed at appropriate levels within the organization.

Annual and quarterly budgets are prepared and put up to management for detailed discussion and an analysis of the nature and quality of the assumptions, parameters etc.

These budgets with Variance Analysis are prepared to have better financial planning and study of factors giving rise to variances.

Daily and monthly cash flows are prepared, followed and monitored at senior levels to prevent undue loss of interest and utilize cash in an effective manner.

Cash management services are availed from Bank to avoid any loss of interest on collections.

Exposures to Foreign Exchange transactions are supported by LCs and Bank guarantees and steps to protect undue fluctuations in rates etc.

c. Credit Risks:

Risk Mitigation Measures:

Systems put in place for assessment of creditworthiness of dealers/customers.

Provision for bad and doubtful debts made to arrive at correct financial position of the Company. Appropriate recovery management and follow up.

d. Market Risks / Industry Risks:

Risk Mitigation Measures:

Raw materials are procured from different sources at competitive prices. Alternative sources are developed for uninterrupted supply of raw materials.

Demand and supply are external factors on which company has no control, but however the Company plans its production and sales from the experience gained in the past and an on-going study and appraisal of the market dynamics, movement by competition, economic policies and growth patterns of different segments of users of company's products.

The Company takes specific steps to reduce the gap between demand and supply by expanding its customer base, improvement in its product profile, delivery mechanisms, technical inputs and advice on various aspects of, enhancement of capacity utilization in customer-plants etc.

Proper inventory control systems have been put in place.

Responsibility Structure The Head of Operations (VP Operations) shall be the Risk Management Head.

The VP Operations shall be responsible for the implementation, identification and control measures for the risk at ground level.

Head- Marketing/ Business shall be responsible for creation, maintenance and compilation of all data including documents relating to the Risk Management and control measures of Risks.

Example: Documents relating to Insurance requirements, EPCG licenses, etc. till the conclusion of the necessary task/ project.

Head- Marketing/ Business shall review the same on regular interval due to close relations with Customers and shall ultimately report the same to the Compliance Officer for necessary reporting to the Stake Holders.

All the other departments and individual sections shall co-operate in setting these strategies (implementation and review).

All the other decisions involving significant risk associated with the business shall be reported to Board or the Audit Committee, where appropriate, for consideration and approval.

Reporting Significant Risk

The Head of the Department and Head of Operations (VP, Operations) shall determine the intensity of risks. The risks which are of higher impact shall be highlighted to the Management for further review.

Audit

The Finance Head or the Executive Director will make arrangements to audit the risk process for each Department as part of a regular cycle of audits and will report explicitly on the risk management processes to the Board.

Necessity of the Risk Management policy:

The Company is passing through many unidentified risks, which have adversely impacted the Company's performance. The Company still continues to be exposed to these unidentified risks which shall have an adverse impact on the Company's business in near future. Quantification of the impact of these risks is not possible at this stage. These unidentified risks are because of the failure to identify and control at the operational/ground level. The Company is facing problems relating to failure of Quality and Delivery compliances with customers on day to day basis.

While scrutiny of these failures, the Company has realized that these problems are not due to past legacies. These problems have currently arisen at ground level and intensified in the last 2-3 years' time

For and on behalf of the Board

Rohini G. Kalyani

Executive Chairperson

(DIN : 00519565)

Place : Pune

Date : May 27, 2022

Annexure 6

Annual Report on CSR Activities and CSR Policy

- Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:**-A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects to program.

The main objective of CSR Policy is to lay down the guidelines for the Company to make CSR as a key business process for sustainable development of the society. It aims at supplementing Government's role in enhancing welfare measures of the society. We propose to take our CSR activities to a higher scale by designing various projects related to needy, economically deprived children, woman and senior citizens, deprived and marginalised sections of the society etc. In addition to this, we also wish to provide an opportunity to our employees to contribute to these efforts through volunteering various CSR projects undertaken by the Company.

The Company's CSR Policy is available on website of the Company: <https://www.kalyaniforge.co.in/investors/corporate-information/>

- Composition of CSR Committee:

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani	Chairperson of the Committee & Executive Chairperson Director	1	1
2	Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	Committee Member & Executive Director	1	1
3	Mr. Pradip Nadkarni	Committee Member & Independent Director	1	1

- Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company <https://www.kalyaniforge.co.in/investors/corporate-information/>
- Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report). NA
- Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any NA

Sl. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs)	Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any (in Rs)
Nil			

- Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): During the preceding years the Company incurred losses, considering the same there was no CSR Liability for the Current year.
- (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5):- NIL.
(b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years:- NIL
(c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NIL
(d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c): NIL
- CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (In Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6).		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).		
	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.
8,30,341*	0	0	NIL		

*During the preceding years the Company incurred losses, considering the same there was no CSR Liability for the Current year. The Amount Spent during the Financial 2021-22 was the unspent balances of the preceding years.

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects. for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Sl. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/No).	Location of the project.		Project duration.	Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent in the current financial Year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.).	Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency	
				State.	District.						Name	CSR Registration number.

Nil

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	
Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No).	Location of the project.		Amount spent for the project (in Rs.).	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/ No).	Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.	
				State.	District.			Name.	CSR registration number.

Nil

(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NA

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): NIL

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	0.00
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	0.00
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	0.00
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	0.00
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	0.00

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (inRs.)
				Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs).	Date of transfer.	
1.	2018-19	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	2019-20	1,18,000	10,82,000	-	-	-	-
3.	2020-21	7,31,341	8,30,341	-	-	-	-
	Total	8,30,341	19,12,341	-	-	-	-

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s):

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Sl. No.	Project ID.	Name of the Project.	Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	Project duration.	Total amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (inRs.)	Status of the project - Completed / Ongoing.
NA								

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details): **NA**

- (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s).
- (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset.
- (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.
- (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5). - **NA**

Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni

(Director)

(DIN: 01670826)

Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani

Chairperson of CSR Committee

(DIN :00519565)

Place : Pune

Date : May 27, 2022

Annexure 7

Statement of Particulars of employees pursuant to the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Sr. No.	Name	Designation/ Nature of Duties	Remuneration Received [Rs.]	Qualification	Experience in years	Age in years	Date of commencement of employment	Last employment held	% of Equity Shares held	Whether any such employee is relative of any director or manager
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

NIL

There are no employees whose salary is more than 8.5 Lacs / month.

DETAILS PERTAINING TO REMUNERATION AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

(1&2) Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company and the percentage increase in remuneration of Directors and KMPs in the Financial Year:

Sr.No.	Name of the Director/ KMP	Designation	Ratio of Remuneration of each Director to Median Remuneration of Employees	Percentage increase in Remuneration during FY 2021-22
1	Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani	Executive Chairperson	8.38:1	7.83%
2	Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	Executive Director	9.18:1	18.17%
3	Mr. G.N. Kalyani	Non- Executive Director	0.70:1	4.63%
4	Mr. Pradip Nadkarni	Independent Director	0.71:1	-26.31%
5	Mr. Abhijit Sen	Independent Director	0.71:1	-33.06%
6	Mr. Adit Rathi	Independent Director	0.54:1	**
7	Mr. Amol Khutwad	Acting Chief Financial Officer (CFO)*	2.60:1	**
8	Mr. Laxmi Narayan Patra	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)	1.08:1	**
8	Mr. Rohan Deshpande	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	3.86:1	58.85%

*Mr. Amol Khutwad was Acting Chief Financial Officer till dated 2nd February, 2022. Mr. Laxmi Narayan Patra was appointed as Chief Financial Officer from 03rd February, 2022.

** % increase/decrease in remuneration not reported as they were holding key managerial person for the part of financial year 2021-22 and/or they were appointed during the financial year 2021-22.

3.	Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year	86.68%	
4.	Number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company as at March 31, 2022	733	
5.	Explanation on the relationship between average increase in remuneration and Company performance	Average increase in remuneration was 63.38%. The turnover of the Company increased by 35.97% & Profit Before tax increased by 294.04%	
6.	Comparison of the remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel against the performance of the Company	Total Revenue (Rs. In Lakhs)	24,781.84
		Profit Before Tax (Rs. In Lakhs)	402.12
		Total Remuneration to KMPs (Rs. In Lakhs)	61.45
		Total Remuneration of KMPs as % to -	
		Total Revenue	0.25%
	Profit Before Tax	15.28%	

<p>7. i. Variations in the market capitalisation of the Company</p> <p>ii. Price Earnings ratio of the Company</p> <p>iii. Percentage increase over/decrease in the market quotations of the shares of the Company as compared to the rate at which the Company came out with the last public offer in the year</p>	<p>The market capitalisation as on March 31, 2022 was Rs.63.28 crores (Rs. 71.39 crores as at March 31, 2021)</p> <p>Rs 20.20 as at March 31, 2022 and Rs (40.56) as at March 31,2021</p> <p>The Company has come out with initial public offer (IPO) in March 1994. An amount of Rs. 55 invested in the said IPO would be worth Rs. 173.95 as on March 31, 2022 indicating a compounded annual growth rate of 4.20% which is including the dividend accrued thereon.</p>
<p>8. Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration</p>	<p>The average increase in remuneration of the employees other than managerial personnel was 61.97% as compared to the increase in the managerial remuneration by Refer Note above Table.</p>

9. Comparison of the each remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel against the performance of the Company :

Names of the KMPs	Remuneration in FY 2021-22 (in Rs.)	Revenue (in Rs.)	Remuneration as % of revenue	Profit Before Tax (in Rs.)	Remuneration (as % of PBT)
Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani	20,51,320	2,47,81,83,980	0.08%	4,02,11,675	5.10%
Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	22,47,935	2,47,81,83,980	0.09%	4,02,11,675	5.59%
*Mr. Amol Khutwad (Acting CFO)	6,37,784	2,47,81,83,980	0.03%	4,02,11,675	1.59%
* Laxmi Narayan Patra (CFO)	2,64,062	2,47,81,83,980	0.01%	4,02,11,675	0.66%
Mr. Rohan Deshpande (CS)	9,44,152	2,47,81,83,980	0.04%	4,02,11,675	2.35%

*Mr. Amol Khutwad was Acting Chief Financial Officer till dated 2nd February, 2022. Mr. Laxmi Narayan Patra was appointed as Chief Financial Officer from 03rd February, 2022.

<p>10. The key parameters for any variable component of remuneration availed by the Directors</p>	<p>Executive Directors - Nomination and Remuneration Committee determines the variable compensation annually based on their individual and organisation performance.</p> <p>Non-Executive Directors - Parameters such as responsibilities undertaken, Membership or Chairmanship of the Committees, time spent in carrying out duties etc.</p>
<p>11. Ratio of the remuneration of the highest paid director to that of the employees who are not directors but receive remuneration in excess of the highest paid director during the year</p>	<p>Not Applicable</p>
<p>12. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company</p>	<p>is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, KMPs and other Employees.</p>

For and on behalf of the Board

Place : Pune

Rohini G. Kalyani

Date : May 27, 2022

Executive Chairperson

(DIN :00519565)

Annexure 8

Highlights of Whistle Blower Policy

The Company is committed to developing a culture where it is safe for all employees to raise concerns about any poor or unacceptable practice and any event of misconduct.

The Company is committed to adhere to the highest standards of ethical, moral and legal conduct of business operations. To maintain these standards, the Company encourages its employees who have concerns about suspected misconduct to come forward and express these concerns without fear of punishment or unfair treatment.

A Vigil (Whistle Blower) mechanism provides a channel to the employees and Directors to report to the management concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Codes of conduct or policy. The mechanism provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors to avail of the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairman/Managing Director/Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases.

This neither releases employees from their duty of confidentiality in the course of their work nor can it be used as a route for raising malicious or unfounded allegations about a personal situation.

For and on behalf of the Board

Rohini G. Kalyani

Executive Chairperson

(DIN : 00519565)

Place : Pune

Date : May 27, 2022

Report On Corporate Governance

(Pursuant to Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub regulation (2) of regulation 46 & para C, D, & E of Schedule V of Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We believe that Corporate Governance signifies ethical highest standards of transparency, integrity and accountability towards all its stakeholders. These ethical standards can be ingrained in the character of the organization through tradition, value systems and commitment to the later as much as the spirit of laws and regulations. Corporate Governance is the cornerstone of Kalyani Forge Limited governance philosophy of the trusteeship, transparency, accountability and ethical corporate citizenship.

In our endeavor to adopt the best Corporate Governance and disclosure practices, the Company complies with all the requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time ("Listing Regulations").

Pursuant to Regulation 34 read with Part C of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, the Company hereby presents a Report on Corporate Governance to its members for the Financial Year 2021-22.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors provides leadership and guidance to the Company's management and directs, supervises and controls the performance of the Company while adhering to the highest standards of good corporate governance. The Independent Directors are trustees of good corporate governance. Combined, they truly safeguard the rights and interests of the shareholders of the Company. The Board of the Company comprises of a diverse and fine blend of experienced and responsible Executive and Independent Directors.

a) Size and Composition of Board:

- The Board of Directors of the Company has optimum combination of Executive and non-executive Directors who has in depth knowledge of business, in addition to expertise in their areas of operation. As on 31st March 2022, the strength of the Board of Directors was Six Directors, of which four are non-executive Directors including three Independent Directors. The Composition of Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations.
- Relationship between Directors inter-se:** Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani is wife of Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani & Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani is son of Gaurishankar & Rohini Kalyani. Rest none of the directors are related with each other:
- None of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than ten committees or Chairman of more than five committees across all the Companies in which he is a Director. Necessary disclosures regarding committee positions in other public companies as on 31 March 2022 have been made by the Directors to the Company.
- The names and categories of the Directors on the Board, their attendance at the Board Meetings held during the year and number of Directorships and Committee Chairmanship/Membership held by them in other Companies are given herein below. Other Directorship does not include Alternate Directorships, Directorship of Private Limited Companies, Section 8 Companies and of Companies Incorporated outside India. Chairmanship / Membership of Board Committees include Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committees:-

Name of Director	Category	Number of Board Meetings held during the year 2021-22		Whether attended last AGM held on 14 th August, 2021	No. of Directorship in other Public Ltd. Companies as on 31 st March 2022	No. of Committee positions held in other Public Limited Companies as on 31 st March 2022		Other Directorship in Listed Entity, Designation and Name of the Company	Numbers of Equity Shares held as on 31 March, 2022
		Held	Attend-ed			Chairper-son	Mem-ber		
Rohini G. Kalyani (Executive Chairperson & Director)	Executive	4	4	Yes	-	-	-	-	32236
Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Non-Executive	4	4	Yes	-	-	-	-	47020
Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	Executive	4	3	Yes	-	-	-	-	33285
Mr. Pradip Nadkarni	Non-Executive Independent	4	4	Yes	1	0	2	-	306
Mr. Abhijit Sen	Non-Executive Independent	4	4	Yes	4	4	8	List of Companies given in below table a)	-
Mr. Adit Rathi	Non-Executive Independent	4	4	Yes	-	-	-	Z F STEERING GEAR (INDIA) LIMITED	-

Table a)

Abhijit Sen	Designation
1) Manappuram Finance Limited	Independent Director
2) Urgo Capital Limited	Independent Director
3) Asirvad Micro Credit Limited	Independent Director
4) Tata Investment Corporation Limited	Independent Director

- Four numbers of Board Meetings were held during the year from 1st April 2021 to 31st March 2022 and the gap between two meetings did not exceed 120 days. The dates on which the board meeting were held as follows : During the year 2021-22, four Board Meetings were held on 10th June, 2021, 13th August, 2021, 28th October, 2021, 2nd February, 2022.
- None of the Non-Executive Directors have any material pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company.
- During the year, information as mentioned in Part A of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations has been placed before the Board for its consideration. Based on the information placed before the Board, strategic and vital decisions are taken for effective governance of the Company.
- Among other important information, minutes of all the Committee meetings, are regularly placed before the Board in their meetings.
- The Board periodically reviewed compliance reports of all laws applicable to the company, prepared by the company as well as steps taken by the company to rectify instances of non-compliances, if any.
- In the opinion of the Board, all the Independent Directors of the Company fulfill the conditions specified in Regulation 17 of Listing Regulations and are independent of the management.

BOARD, DIRECTOR AND COMMITTEE EVALUATION AND CRITERIA

During the year, the Board has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, performance of the Directors as well as the evaluation of the working of its Committees.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has defined the evaluation criteria for performance evaluation of individual Directors, the Board and its Committees.

The criteria for evaluation of individual Directors includes inter alia aspects such as knowledge and competency, fulfilment of functions, ability to function as a team, initiative taken, availability and attendance at the meeting, commitment, integrity, independence, contribution at Board/Committee Meetings and guidance/support to the management outside Board/Committee Meetings. In addition, the Chairman is also evaluated on key aspects of his role, including effectiveness of leadership and ability to steer the meetings, impartiality, ability to keep shareholders' interests in mind and motivating and providing guidance to the Executive Directors.

The criteria for Board Evaluation includes inter alia, structure of the Board, meetings and functions of the Board, degree of fulfilment of key responsibilities, establishment and delineation of responsibility to Committees, effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning and quality of relationship between the Board and the Management.

The criteria for Committee evaluation includes inter alia, mandate and composition, effectiveness of the Committee, structure of the Committee and meetings, independence of the Committee from the Board, contribution to decisions of the Board, effectiveness of the meetings and quality of relationship of the Committee with the Board and the Management.

BOARD SKILLS, CAPABILITIES AND EXPERIENCES

The Board comprises directors who have a range of experiences, capabilities and diverse points of view. This helps the Company to create an effective and well-rounded board. The capabilities and experiences pursued in the directors are outlined here:

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Skills/expertise/competence
1	Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani	Expertise in managing the forging business which also includes administrative, financial and legal aspects of forging industry.
2	Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Expertise in management and financial sector of the Company
3	Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	Expertise in implementation of expansion plans, business systems, research potential new business opportunities and diversification and financial sector of the Company
4	Mr. Abhijit Sen	Expertise in Finance Sector of the Company
5	Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Expertise in International Business, Strategic Planning and Global Supply Chain Management
6	Mr. Adit Rathi	Expertise in Industrialist, Top Management, Technology & Engineering and others

FAMILIARISATION PROGRAMMES FOR INDEPENDENT BOARD MEMBERS

The Board members are provided with necessary documents, reports and policies to enable them to familiarise with the Company's procedures and practices. Periodic presentations are made at the Board and Committee Meetings, on business and performance updates of the Company, business environment, business strategy and risks involved.

The details of such familiarization programs for Independent Directors are posted on the website of the Company and can be accessed www.kalyaniforge.co.in

SEPARATE MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

In accordance with the provisions of Schedule IV (Code for Independent Directors) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25(3) & (4) of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors of the Company are required to hold at least 1 (One) meeting in a year, without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and members of the management.

During the financial year 2021-22, the separate meeting of Independent Director i.e. Mr. Abhijit Sen, Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni and Mr. Adit Rathi was held on 22nd March, 2022, of the Independent Directors held in accordance with the aforementioned provisions.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company has been formed in accordance with Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and comprises of three members, in which all members are Independent Directors. Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee. The Chairman of the Audit Committee is an Independent Director and was present at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company. The Executive Chairperson and Chief Financial Officer are permanent invitees to the Audit Committee Meetings.

a) Terms of Reference to Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is entrusted, inter alia, with the following:

- Oversight of Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- Recommending to the Board, the appointment, reappointment and, if required, the removal of statutory auditors, including internal and cost auditors, and fixation of audit fees and other terms of appointment;
- Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- Review, with the management, the annual financial statements and Auditors' Report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a) matters required to be included in the Directors' Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's Report in terms of sub section 5 of Section 134 of the Act;
 - b) changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices, and reasons for the same;
 - c) major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d) significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f) disclosure of any related party transactions; and
 - g) modified opinions in the draft audit report
- Review of management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- Review with the management, the statement of uses/ application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, qualified institutional placement etc.) and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- Review the quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, in terms of Regulation 32(1) of the Listing Regulations, being submitted to the Stock Exchange(s).
- Review the annual statement of funds utilised for purpose other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus in terms of Regulation 32(7) of the Listing Regulations;
- Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process;
- Examination and reviewing with the management, the quarterly financial results and financial statements and the auditors' report thereon, before submission to the Board for approval;
- Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems and oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that there exists appropriate internal control over financial reporting;
- Review financial statements, in particular the investments made by the Company's unlisted subsidiaries;
- Review with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- Review the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- Review internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses and discussion with internal auditors regarding any significant findings and follow-up thereon;
- Review the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;

- Review management letters/ letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- Discussion with statutory auditors, before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- Look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- Review the functioning of vigil mechanism/whistle blower mechanism for the Directors and employees to report their genuine concerns or grievances and provide mechanism for adequate safeguards against victimization;
- Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background etc. of the candidate;
- Review the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor;
- Investigate any activity within its terms of reference, seek information from any employee, obtain outside legal or other professional advice and secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if necessary;
- reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments;
- Review compliance with the provisions of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, at least once in a financial year and verify that the systems for internal control are adequate and are operating effectively;
- Carry out all the functions as may be entrusted (i) by the Board of Directors, from time to time; and (ii) by the virtue of applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and any other applicable provisions of Laws, as amended from time to time.

b) Meetings

During the year under review four Audit Committee Meetings were held on 10th June, 2021, 13th August, 2021, 28th October, 2021, 2nd February, 2022.

Composition of Audit Committee and attendance

The composition of the Audit Committee as on 31 March 2022 and attendance of members in the meetings held during the financial year 2021-22 are as under:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Abhijit Sen	Chairman	Non – Executive & Independent Director	4
Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Members	Non – Executive & Independent Director	4
Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Members	Non – Executive Director	4

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The purpose of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (‘NRC’) is to oversee the Company’s nomination process including succession planning for the senior management & the Board and specifically to assist the Board in identifying, screening and reviewing individuals qualified to serve as Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors consistent with the criteria as stated by the Board in its Policy on Appointment and Removal of Directors. The NRC also assists the Board in discharging its responsibilities relating to compensation of the Company’s Executive Directors and Senior Management.

a) Terms of Reference to Nomination and Remuneration Committee

- To recommend to the Board appointment, re-appointment of Directors, Executive Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and determination, fixation of the remuneration and revision in the remuneration payable to the Executive Directors of the Company and removal of the director/Executive Director/Key Managerial Personnel;
- To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of the director;
- To recommend the Board the policy related to the remuneration of for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management Personnel (SMP) and other employees;
- To formulate the criteria for effective evaluation of performance of Board of Directors, its Committees, Chairperson and individual Directors (including Independent Directors), to be carried out either by the Board or by NRC or through an independent external agency and review its implementation and compliance;
- To carry out evaluation performance of every Director of the Company;
- To determine whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent Director, based on the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors;
- To devise a policy on diversity of Board of Directors;
- To identify persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal;
- To formulate and recommend to the Board of Directors the policy relating to the stock options to the employees, grant the stock options to the eligible employees and review the management of stock option scheme;

- To allot shares under ESOS to the employees who has exercise the options granted to them;
- To recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management;
- Carry out functions as may be entrusted (i) by the Board of Directors from time to time; and (ii) by the virtue of applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (iii) the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and any other applicable provisions of Laws, as may be amended from time to time.

b) Meetings of Nomination and Remuneration Committee

During the year under review, only three meetings of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee took place on 10th June, 2021, 28th October, 2021 and 02nd February, 2022.

Composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as on 31 March 2022 and attendance of members in the meetings held during the financial year 2021-22 are as under:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Chairman	Non - Executive & Independent Director	3
Mr. Abhijit Sen	Members	Non - Executive & Independent Director	3
Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Members	Non - Executive Director	3

c) Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy is directed towards rewarding performance, based on review of achievements on a periodical basis. The remuneration policy is in consonance with the existing industry practice. While deciding on the remuneration for Directors, the Board and Nomination & Remuneration Committee consider the performance of the Company, the current trends in the industry, the director's participation in Board and Committee meetings during the year and other relevant factors. The performance of the Company and individual performance as well employees' potential, criticality and longevity in the grade are considered while determining remuneration to the Employee.

Company has complied with Section 178 of The Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

d) Performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors

On the basis of the Policy for performance evaluation of Independent Directors, Board, Committees and other individual Directors, a process of evaluation was followed by the Board for its own performance and that of its Committees and individual Directors.

e) Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter

Nomination and Remuneration Charter has been formed to help the Board to discharge their responsibilities to shareholders, the investment community and other stakeholders with respect to (i) preparations relating to the election of members of the Board of Directors (ii) handling matters within its scope of responsibility that relate to the conditions of employment and remuneration of senior management; (iii) setting the performance standards, budgets and targets for the Executive team of the Company; (iv) setting the compensation and performance bonuses of the Company's executive officers; (v) overseeing the Company's Human Resources and People strategy; (vi) Identifying independent Directors to be inducted to the Board from time to time; (vii) to recommend nomination for Chairmanship & memberships of various committees viz. Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, etc functioning under the Board of Directors of the company.

f) Remuneration to the Directors:-

The details of remuneration paid/ payable to the Directors(including sitting fees) paid for attending Board Meeting and Committee Meetings) during the financial year 2021-22 are given below:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name	Fixed Salary			Commis- sion	Sitting Fees	Total Compensation	Fully paid-up Ordinary Shares Nos. (Rs. 10 Each)
	Basic	Perquisites/ Allowance	Total Fixed Salary				
Rohini G. Kalyani	18.03	-	18.03	-	-	18.03	
Viraj G. Kalyani	19.02	-	19.02	-	-	19.02	
Gaurishankar N. Kalyani				1.01	0.70	1.71	47,020
Mr. Pradip Nadkarni				1.01	0.72	1.73	306
Mr. Adit Rathi				1.01	0.30	1.31	
Mr. Abhijit Sen				1.01	0.72	1.73	

STAKEHOLDERS'RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was constituted to look into Redressal of Shareholders and Investors' Complaint matters - non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of dividend and to look into matters that can facilitate better services and relations.

In terms of Regulation 6 and Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board has appointed Mr. Rohan M. Deshpande, Company Secretary &

Compliance Officer, as the Compliance Officer of the Company.

The committee consists of three Non-Executive Directors out of which two are independent Directors. Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani is the Chairman of the committee.

a) Terms of Reference to Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

- Redressal of the investors' complaints like non-receipt of annual reports, dividend payments, change or deletion of name, issue of new/duplicate share certificates, general meetings etc.;
- Dematerialization, re-materialization, transfer, transmission, consolidation, sub-division of shares, debentures and securities and other allied transactions;
- Delegation of power to the executives of the Company and to the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company to accomplish aforesaid objectives;
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;
- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.
- The Company has given authority to its Registrar and Transfer Agent i.e. Link Intime India Private Limited to resolve the complaints of shareholders of the Company. As on 31st March 2022 the 77.88% shares of the Company are held in Dematerialized form.

b) Meeting

During the year under review, four meetings of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee were held on 10th June, 2021, 13th August, 2021, 28th October, 2021, and 02nd February, 2022.

c) Composition and attendance of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The constitution of the Committee as on 31 March 2022 is as follows:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Gaurishankar N. Kalyani	Chairman	Non-Executive Director	4
Mr. Abhijit Sen	Member	Independent Director	4
Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Member	Independent Director	4

d) Shareholders / Investors Complaint Status

The details and status of complaint from the 01 April 2021 up to 31 March 2022 is as follows:

Opening Complaints as on 1st April 2021	0
Number of complaints received	0
No. of complaints resolved	0
No. of Complaints not solved to the satisfaction of the Shareholders	0
Closing As on 31st March 2022	0

SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES)

The investor complaints are processed in a centralised web-based complaints redress system i.e. SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES). The salient features of this system are: Centralised database of all complaints, online upload of Action Taken Reports (ATRs) by concerned companies and online viewing by investors of actions taken on the complaint and its current status.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Company set up under the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014 comprises of three members, in which one member is Independent Director.

a) Terms of Reference to Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

- To formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy indicating activities to be undertaken by the Company in compliance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under;
- To recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the CSR activities;
- To monitor the implementation of the framework of the CSR Policy; and
- To recommend to the Board approval of CSR expenditure including contribution to corpus for projects/ programs related to CSR activities.

b) Meeting

During the financial year 2021-22, the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee met at one times on 10th June, 2021.

c) Composition of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee is as follows:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category	No. of meetings attended
Mrs. Rohini G. Kalyani	Chairperson of the Committee	Executive Director	1
Mr. Pradip P. Nadkarni	Member	Independent Director	1
Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	Member	Executive Director	1

DETAILS OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

The details of previous three Annual General Meetings of the Company are as follows:

Financial Year	Date and Time	Venue	Special Resolution-passed	Purpose of Special Resolution
2021-22	14 th August, 2021	Meeting conducted through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circular	Yes	Reappointment of Mr. Abhijit Sen as an Independent Director of the Company
2020-21	25 th September, 2020	Meeting conducted through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circular	Yes	Reappointment of Mr. Pradip Nadkarni as an Independent Director of the Company
2019-20	26 th July, 2019	Poona Club Ltd., Camp, Pune:- 411001	NA	NA

POSTAL BALLOT

The Company has not obtained any approval of members by way of postal ballot (e-voting and postal ballot) during FY 2021-22.

DISCLOSURES**A) Subsidiary Companies**

Company does not have any subsidiary Company.

B) Insider Trading Code

The company has formulated Code of fair disclosure. The said code can be accessed at www.kalyaniforge.co.in

The Company regularly monitors the transactions in terms of the Code undertaken by the employees of the Company. The Company also informs the stock exchange(s) periodically about the transaction(s) undertaken by the designated employees and their shareholdings as per the regulations.

C) Materially Significant Related Party Transactions

There were no materially significant related party transactions with its promoters, directors or its management, their subsidiaries/ associates or relatives, etc. that had a potential conflict with the interest of the Company.

The disclosure of transactions with related parties set out in Note No. 30.7(b) of Standalone Financial Statements, forming part of the Annual Report.

All related party transactions are done on arms' length basis, and are intended to further the Company's interests.

The company has formulated a policy on Related Party transaction. The said policy can be accessed at: www.kalyaniforge.co.in

D) Non-compliance/strictures/penalties

The Company has complied with rules and regulations prescribed by the Stock Exchanges, Securities and Exchange Board of India and any other statutory authority relating to capital market during the financial year 2021-22.

E) Whistle Blower Mechanism/Vigil Mechanism

The Vigil Mechanism of the Company, which also incorporates a whistle blower policy in terms of the Listing Agreement, includes an Ethics & Compliance Task Force comprising senior executives of the Company. Protected disclosures can be made by a whistle blower

through an e-mail, or dedicated telephone line or a letter to the Task Force or to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Company seeks to maintain the highest ethical and business standards in the course of its business and has put in place mechanism of reporting illegal or unethical behavior. Directors, employees, vendors or customers may report violations of the laws, rules, regulations or unethical conducting by writing to the notified person. The report received from employees will be reviewed by Audit Committee. The Directors and Management Personnel are obligated to maintain confidentiality of such reporting and ensure that the whistle blowers are not subjected to any discriminatory practices. No person has been denied access to the Audit Committee.

The said policy can be accessed at following link: www.kalyaniforge.co.in

F) Adoption of Mandatory Requirements

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Company has complied with the requirements with respect to the Corporate Governance as stipulated in Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations.

G) Code of Conduct

The Board of Directors of your Company have laid down its code of conduct and ethics for all Board Members and Senior Management personnel of the Company and the same has been posted on the website of the Company. All Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the code. A declaration signed by Executive Chairperson is annexed to this report.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The quarterly, half yearly and annual financial results of the Company are published in leading newspapers in India which include Financial Express and Loksatta. The results are also displayed on Company's website: www.kalyaniforge.co.in

Electronic Filing with NSE and BSE

All periodical compliance filings like shareholding pattern, corporate governance report, financial results, media releases, among others are also filed electronically on the NSE Electronic Application Processing System and BSE Listing Centre.

GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

a) Corporate Identification Number (CIN)

The Corporate Identification Number (CIN) allotted to the Company by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) is CIN: L28910MH1979PLC020959

b) AGM Information and Financial Year

Day, Date and Time of AGM	:	Thursday, 18 th August, 2022, Time 2.00 P.M
Venue	:	Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has vide its circular dated May 5, 2022 read with circulars dated May 5, 2020 and January 13, 2021 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through VC / OAVM
Financial Year	:	01 st April 2021 to 31 st March 2022
Book Closure	:	12 th August, 2022 to 18 th August, 2022
Dividend Payment Details	:	On and from Saturday August 13, 2022 (subject to approval of the shareholders at the AGM)

c) Listing on Stock Exchanges and Scrip Code

The Company's shares have been listed on the following exchanges:

- National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE), Exchange Plaza, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400051
- BSE Limited (BSE), Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400001.

Scrip Code

BSE Code: 513509

NSE Code: KALYANIFRG

d) Payment of annual listing fees and custodian charges

Annual listing fees have been paid for the financial year 2021-22 to NSE & BSE.

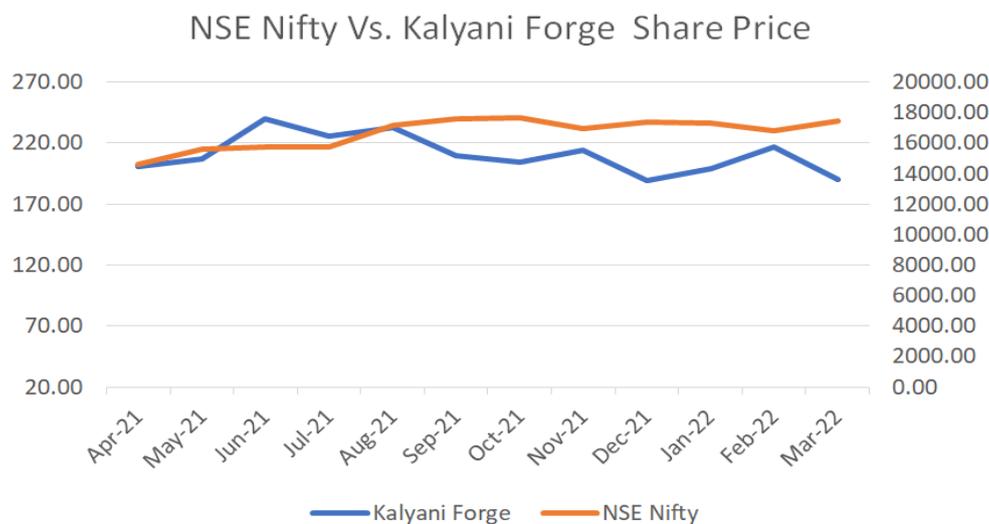
Annual custodian charges/issuers fees have been paid for the financial year 2021-22 to CDSL and NSDL.

e) Market Price Data

The monthly high and low quotations and volume of shares traded on BSE and NSE from 01st April 2021 upto 31st March 2022 is as follows:

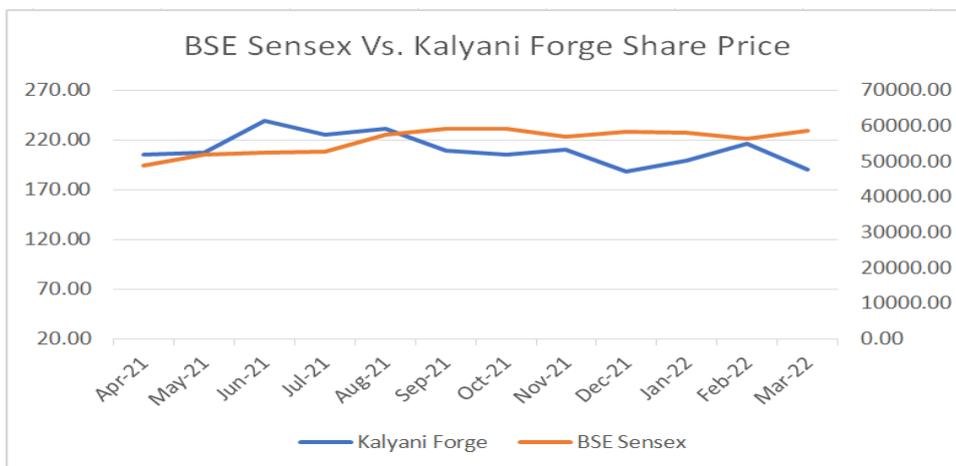
Month	National Stock Exchange (NSE)				Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE)			
	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	Close Price (Rs.)	No. of Shares traded	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	Close Price (Rs.)	No. of Shares traded
30-Apr-21	204.90	162.35	176.80	18259	201.00	166.25	176.35	8704
31-May-21	206.95	171.50	193.05	22680	207.05	177.10	193.00	6569
30-Jun-21	239.65	188.05	208.00	60136	239.90	185.20	212.95	26778
31-Jul-21	224.95	200.00	212.60	28926	225.70	202.00	212.8.0	10131
31-Aug-21	231.45	197.00	203.25	29548	233.20	200.05	208.70	6856
30-Sep-21	208.95	190.05	200.45	26754	209.95	190.00	197.10	7347
29-Oct-21	205.00	180.50	200.70	23567	204.00	180.8.0	195.50	7455
30-Nov-21	210.70	170.10	175.20	29341	214.00	173.10	177.00	3999
31-Dec-21	187.95	168.10	181.20	22858	188.90	166.1	178.15	4363
31-Jan-22	199.45	177.30	197.20	17899	199.05	181.45	193.10	3621
28-Feb-22	216.50	179.25	184.10	33370	217.00	186.05	186.05	4774
31-Mar-22	189.95	169	173.95	16101	190.00	170.05	183.15	11584

f) Performance in comparison to the Board-based Indices Performance in comparison to NSE Nifty



Source: https://www1.nseindia.com/products/content/equities/indices/historical_index_data.htm

Performance in comparison to BSE Sensex



Source: <https://www.bseindia.com/Indices/IndexArchiveData.html>

g) Registrar & Share Transfer Agent and Share Transfer System

Link Intime India Private Limited is the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent (RTA) of the Company in respect of the equity capital in demat and physical mode. They process share transfer and transmission on fortnightly basis. Their address is as follows:

Name of RTA : Link Intime India Private Limited
 Address : Block No. 202, 2nd Floor, Akshay Complex, Off. Dhole Patil Road, Near Ganesh Mandir, Pune- 411001.
 Tel/Fax : 020 26160084
 E-mail : pune@linkintime.co.in
 Website : linkintime.co.in

h) Distribution of Shareholding / Shareholding Pattern as on 31 March 2022

i. The distribution of shareholding of the Company as on 31 March 2022 is as follows:

Sr.No.	Share Holding of Shares	Number of Share-holders	Percentage of Total (%)	Total Shares	Percentage of Total(%)
1.	1 to 5000	4078	94.53	3,53,403	9.71
2.	5001 to 10000	117	2.71	90,666	2.49
3.	10001 to 20000	58	1.34	80,649	2.22
4.	20001 to 30000	13	0.30	30,742	0.85
5.	30001 to 40000	10	0.23	35,038	0.96
6.	40001 to 50000	2	0.05	8,776	0.24
7.	50001 to 100000	4	0.09	28,219	0.78
8.	100001 to *****	32	0.74	30,10,507	82.75
	Total	4314	100.00	3638000	100.0000

ii. The Shareholding pattern as on 31 March 2022 is as follows:

Category	Number of Shares	Percentage (%)
Promoter and Promoter Group	21,32,296	58.61
Non Resident Indians	14,420	0.40
Bodies Corporate	6,24,132	17.16
Resident Indians	7,90,888	21.74
Trust	100	0.0027
Hindu Undivided Family (HUF)	37,590	1.03
Clearing Member	2,321	0.06
Investor Education And Protection Fund	36,253	1
Total	36,38,000	100%

i) Dematerialization of shares and liquidity

Equity shares of the Company representing 77.88% of the Company share capital are dematerialised as on 31 March 2022. International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company by NSDL and CDSL is INE314G01014 ISIN Number.

j) Outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants or any Convertible Instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity

The Company has not issued any GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants or other instruments, which are pending for conversion.

k) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities

The Company is not involved in commodity price market and hedging activities hence there is no risk for commodity price, foreign exchange and hedging activities.

l) Plant Location

Hot Forging Division (HFD) and Metal Forms Division (MFD) Koregaon Bhima, Tal: Shirur, Dist. Pune. Pin 412 207.

Precision Auto comp Division, Gat No. 914/1 & 2, Sanaswadi, Tal: Shirur, Dist: Pune, Pin - 412 208.

m) Nomination

Every holder of securities of a company may, at any time, nominate, in the prescribed manner, any person to whom his securities shall vest in the event of his death. Members can avail nomination facility. Blank nomination forms will be supplied on request.

n) Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary

The Company has obtained a certificate from CS Nitin B. Prabhune (Membership No. FCS 6707), Practicing Company Secretary, that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority as per item 10(i) of Part C of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015.

o) Credit rating

The Company has obtained credit rating as BBB+/Stable (Long Term) and A2/Reaffirmed (Short Term) for the total bank facilities of 100 Crores from CRISIL.

p) Total fees paid for all services availed from Statutory Auditor for the Company

The total fees paid for all services availed from Statutory Auditor for the Company are set out in Note No. 30.3 of the Financial Statements, forming part of the Annual Report.

q) The Company has complied with the mandatory Corporate Governance requirements stipulated under Regulation 17 to 27 read with Schedule V and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

r) The Company has not raised funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32(7).

s) There was no recommendation that has been proposed by the committees, which has not been approved by the Board.

t) Reconciliation of Share Capital:

A qualified Practicing Company Secretary carried out a Reconciliation of Shares Audit on quarterly basis to reconcile the total share capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL), Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) along with physical holding and the total issued and listed share capital. The audit confirms that the total issued/paid-up capital is in agreement with total number of shares in physical form and total number of dematerialized shares held with NSDL & CDSL.

u) Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has adopted a policy on prevention and redressal of Sexual Harassment at workplace. Pursuant to the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, the Company has in place an Internal Complaints Committee for prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassment of women at the workplace.

Status of Complaints received during the year under review:

Received during the year	Resolved	Pending at the year end
0	0	0

Address for Correspondence: Registered Office:

Kalyani Forge Limited

Shangrila Gardens, 'C' Wing, 1st Floor, Opp. Bund Garden, Pune - 411 001

Factory:

Kalyani Forge Limited Koregaon Bhima,

Tal : Shirur Dist.- Pune, Pin - 412 216

Phone : 02137-252335, 252755, 252757

Fax : 02137-252344, 252756

Registrar and Share Transfer Agent:

Link Intime India Private Limited 202, 2nd Floor Akshay Complex,

Off. Dhole Patil Road, Near Ganesh Mandir, Pune- 411 001

Tel : (020) 26161629

Fax : No.(020)- 2616 3503

E-mail : pune@linkintime.co.in

For effective and efficient Investor Grievance Management, the Company has dedicated E-mail Id: companysecretary@kforge.com

Certificate On Corporate Governance

To the Members of Kalyani Forge Limited

1. We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), of **Kalyani Forge Limited** for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Management Responsibility

2. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. This responsibility also includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Auditor's Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
4. We have examined the books of account and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purposes of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.
5. We have carried out an examination of the relevant records of the Company in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"), the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate and as per the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the ICAI which requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

Opinion

7. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and the representations made by the Directors and the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations for the year ended on March 31, 2022

Other Matter

8. We further state that such compliances are neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For K.S. Aiyar & Co,

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 100186W

Rajesh Joshi

Partner

Membership No.:038526

UDIN: 22038526AMISXC8166

Place: Pune

Date: May 27, 2022

Certificate Of Non-Disqualification of Directors

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C Clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members,
Kalyani Forge Limited,
Shangrila Gardens C Wings 1st Floor
Opp. Bund Garden,
Pune 411001, Maharashtra

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Kalyani Forge Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), having CIN: L28910MH1979PLC020959 and having registered office at Shangrila Gardens C Wings 1st Floor Opp Bund Garden, Pune 411001, Maharashtra produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal(www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary) and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ending on 31st March, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

Sr No	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1	Rohini Gaurishankar Kalyani	00519565	16/10/2013
2	Gaurishankar Neelkanth Kalyani	00519610	26/04/2003
3	Viraj Gaurishankar Kalyani	02268846	17/05/2013
4	Abhijit Sen	00002593	02/02/2016
5	Pradip Prabhakar Nadkarni	01670826	28/07/2007
6	Adit Madhusudan Rathi	00084380	14/04/2021

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment/ continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on my verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Pune
Date: May 27, 2022

CS Nitin B Prabhune
FCS. 6707
CP No. 3800
UDIN: F006707D000400201

Note: We have relied on the documents and evidences provided by electronic mode in view of prevailing pandemic situation of Covid-19, for the purpose of issuing this certificate.

Certificate By Chief Executive Officer And Chief Financial Officer Of The Company

(Under Regulation 17 read with Part B of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,

The Board of Directors,

Kalyani Forge Limited.

As required under regulation 17(8) read with Part B of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we certify that:

- a. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the Financial Year ended 31 March 2022 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - ii. these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- c. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- d. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps taken or proposed to be taken to rectify these deficiencies.
- e. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee that:
 - i. there are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - ii. there are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year;
 - iii. there are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware nor the involvement therein of the management or an employee having significant role in the company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For **Kalyani Forge Limited**,

Place: Pune

Date : May 27, 2022

Laxmi Narayan Patra

Chief Financial Officer

Code Of Conduct

As required by Regulation 34(3) & Schedule V Para D of the (Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015), this is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for all Board Members and Senior Management of the Company. The Code is available on the Company's website.

I confirm that the Company has in respect of the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, received from the senior management team of the Company and the Members of the Board, a declaration of compliance with the Code of Conduct as applicable to them.

For **Kalyani Forge Limited**

Rohini G. Kalyani

Executive Chairperson

(DIN :00519565)

Place: Pune

Date: May 27, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Kalyani Forge Limited

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Kalyani Forge Limited** ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as 'the Financial Statements')

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2022, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. There are no Key Audit Matters to be reported.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

The other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report and if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of the Management for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the rules made thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Government of India - Ministry of Corporate Affairs, in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we enclose in the annexure 'A', a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the said Order.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. the Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements - Refer note 30.1 to Financial Statements;
 - ii. The Company doesn't have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts requiring provision for material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred on account of unpaid dividend to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. As stated in Notes to the financial statements:

The dividend proposed in the previous year i.e., year ended on 31st March, 2021 was declared and paid by the Company during the current financial year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable. (Refer Note 14)

vi. The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the current financial year i.e., year ended on 31st March, 2022, which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable. (Refer Note 13)

For **K. S. Aiyar & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100186W

Rajesh S. Joshi

Partner

Membership No.: 038526

Place: Pune

Date: May 27, 2022

Annexure 'A' to the Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our Report of even date on the financial statements for the year ended on March 31, 2022, of Kalyani Forge Limited)

(i)(a) A. The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;

(i)(a) B. The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.

(i)(b) As per information and explanations given to us, these Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable Intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. However, in our view, the coverage scope and frequency of such need improvement.

(i)(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.

(i)(d) As per the information obtained and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.

(i)(e) As per the information obtained and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

(ii)(a) Physical verification of the inventory (excluding stocks with third parties and goods in transit) has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year. In our opinion, the coverage and procedures of such verification by the management is appropriate. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification is appropriate considering the size and nature of the business of the Company. As per the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed on the said physical verification carried out by the management;

(ii)(b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. As per the information obtained and explanations given to us and as disclosed/ demonstrated by the records/reconciliations produced to us for our verification, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks and financial institutions are not in agreement with the books of account of the Company and need to be reconciled by the management as these submissions were made to banks in advance as compared to the actual closure of books of account.

(iii)(a) During the year the company has not made any investments in, not provided any guarantee or security or not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties except for Rs.23.30 Lakhs given as other advance (not considered in the nature of loan) by the management to a related party as disclosed in Note No. 30.

As there are no investments made, no guarantees provided, no security given or no loans or advances in the nature of loans are given clause 3(iii) (b, c, d, e and f) are not applicable to the Company.

(iv) As there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security, the compliance requirement of the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act is not applicable to the Company.

(v) There are no deposits accepted by the company or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from public, consequently the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules made are not applicable to the Company;

(vi) Maintenance of cost records have been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act in respect of products manufactured by the Company such accounts and records have been so made and maintained by the Company;

(vii)(a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. No undisputed statutory dues were in arrears as on the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(vii)(b) Statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of any dispute are as per the details given below.

Name of the Statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Remarks, if any.
Central Excise Act, 1944	Interest on supplementary Invoices	4,25,113	From 2001-02 to 2004-05	High Court of Bombay, Mumbai.	
Central Excise Act, 1944	Cenvat Credit on Rejection Received from customer	2,44,406	From 2008-09 to 2011-12	CESTAT Mumbai	
Goods And Services Tax Act, 2017	E way bill expired	3,01,400	Y2018-19, From 22-10-2018 to 15-11-2018	Additional Commissioner of GST and Central Excise, (Appeals) Coimbatore	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Disallowance of Expenditure on expansion / upgradation of projects	6,95,976	AY 1992-93	High Court of Bombay, Mumbai.	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Loss on options settled.	17,64,485	AY 2008-09	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) Pune.	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Expenditure incurred Bad debts and other expenses	81,37,980	AY 2011-12	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) Pune.	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Assessment Order received with demand for disallowance of late payment of TDS, Additional Depreciation, Stock Value	25,06,620	AY 2013-14	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) Pune.	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Disallowance of Additional Depreciation on electrical installations	6,99,618	AY 2016-17	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) Pune.	

- (viii) There are no transactions which were not recorded in the books of account and have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961);
- (ix)(a) The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (ix)(b) The company is not a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;
- (ix)(c) The Term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained;
- (ix)(d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, Funds raised on short term basis have, prima-facie, been not utilized during the year for long term purposes.
- (ix)(e) The Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.;
- (ix)(f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.;
- (x)(a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Therefore, the question of reporting of its application, delays or default and subsequent rectification, if any, does not arise;
- (x)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the books and records, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Therefore, the question of complying with section 42 and section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and reporting on its utilisation does not arise.;
- (xi)(a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information obtained and explanations given to us, no instances of fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi)(b) We, have not filed any report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (xi)(c) As per the information and explanation given by the Company, no whistle blower complaint is received by the company.
- (xii)(a) In our opinion and according to the information obtained and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) (b and c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (xiii) According to the information obtained and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements, as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards;
- (xiv)(a) The Company has an internal audit system wherein scope and coverage need to be increased so as to be commensurate with the size and nature of the Company.
- (xiv)(b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the first three quarters of the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year.
- (xv) According to the information obtained and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, the Company has not entered during the year into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable;
- (xvi)(a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) (b, c and d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.
- (xix) According to the information obtained and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing as at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- (xx) (a) There is no unspent amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act;

For **K. S. Aiyar & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100186W

Rajesh S. Joshi

Partner

Membership No.: 038526

UDIN: 22038526AMISKU7704

Place: Pune

Date: May 27, 2022

Annexure - B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statements of Kalyani Forge Limited.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Kalyani Forge Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31st March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **K. S. Aiyar & Co.**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 100186W

Rajesh S. Joshi
Partner
Membership No.: 038526
UDIN: 22038526AMISKU7704

Place: Pune

Date: May 27, 2022

Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 2022

₹ in Lakhs

	Particulars	Note No	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	ASSETS			
1	Non-current assets			
	(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	1	4,393.90	5,299.71
	(b) Capital work-in-progress	1(a)	230.93	113.25
	(c) Other Intangible assets	2	0.32	3.32
	(e) (i) Investments	3	0.50	0.50
	(f) Deferred tax assets (net)	4	361.60	229.35
	(g) Income tax assets (net)	5	77.24	147.66
	(h) Other non-current assets	6	396.41	391.70
	Total Non - Current Assets		5,460.91	6,185.49
2	Current assets			
	(a) Inventories	7	4,886.96	4,487.90
	(b) Financial Assets			
	(i) Trade receivables	8	7,281.73	6,702.45
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	186.61	10.26
	(iii) Other Bank Balances	10	303.15	261.87
	(iv) Others current financial assets	11	6.38	180.32
	(c) Other current assets	12	219.64	482.03
	Total Current Assets		12,884.47	12,124.83
	Total Assets (1 + 2)		18,345.38	18,310.32
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1	Equity			
	(a) Equity Share capital	13	363.90	363.90
	(b) Other Equity	14	9,929.94	9,655.40
	Total equity (a+b)		10,293.84	10,019.30
2	Liabilities			
	Non-current liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	- Borrowings	15	8.60	-
	(b) Provisions	16	647.22	629.50
	Total Non - Current Liabilities		655.82	629.50
	Current liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	17	2,597.76	2,609.83
	(ii) Trade payables			
	a. Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	18	302.89	143.09
	b. Dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	18	3,135.07	3,420.82
	(iii) Other current financial liabilities	19	572.57	764.43
	(b) Provisions	20	229.88	169.65
	(c) Other current liabilities	21	557.55	553.70
	Total Current Liabilities		7,395.72	7,661.52
	Total Equity and Liabilities (1 + 2)		18,345.38	18,310.32

The attached notes 1 to 34 are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our attached report of even date.

FOR M/S K.S. AIYAR & CO.

Firm Registration Number : 100186W
Chartered Accountants

RAJESH JOSHI

Partner
Membership Number : 038526

Pune:27th May, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors.

ROHINI G. KALYANI
Executive Chairperson
(DIN:00519565)

ABHIJIT SEN
Director
(DIN:00002593)

ROHAN DESHPANDE
Company Secretary

LAXMI NARAYAN PATRA
Chief Financial Officer

Pune:27th May, 2022

Pune:27th May, 2022

Profit and Loss Statement

for the Year ended March 31, 2022

₹ in Lakhs

	Particulars	Note No	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Continuing Operations			
I	Income			
	Revenue from operations	22	24,650.21	18,078.36
	Other Income	23	131.63	148.07
	Total Revenue (I)		24,781.84	18,226.42
II	EXPENSES			
	(a) Cost of raw materials and components consumed	24	13,106.46	9,232.11
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	25	144.79	17.60
	(c) Employee benefit expense	26	3,523.89	2,638.15
	(d) Finance costs	27	362.70	280.06
	(e) Depreciation and amortisation expense	28	1,234.24	1,282.36
	(f) Other expenses	29	6,007.64	4,983.38
	Total Expenses (II)		24,379.72	18,433.66
III	Profit/(loss) before exceptional items tax (I-II)		402.12	(207.24)
IV	Exceptional items- Gains/ (Loss)		-	-
V	Profit before tax (III-IV)		402.12	(207.24)
VI	Tax Expense			
	(a) Current tax		221.11	(6.83)
	(b) Deferred tax		(132.25)	(33.76)
	(c) Short / (Excess) provision for tax relating to prior years		-	9.39
	Total tax expense		88.86	(31.20)
VII	Profit/(loss) after tax from continuing operations (V-VI)		313.26	(176.03)
VIII	Discontinued Operations			
	(1) Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations		-	-
	(2) Tax Expense of discontinued operations		-	-
	Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations		-	-
IX	Profit/(loss) for the period (VII+VIII)		313.26	(176.03)
X	Other comprehensive income			
	A (i) Items that will not be recycled to profit or loss			
	(a) Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / (asset)		21.96	26.26
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(6.11)	(6.83)
	B (i) Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	(ii) Income tax on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	Total other comprehensive income for the period		15.85	19.43
XI	Total comprehensive income for the period (IX + X)		329.11	(156.60)
XII	Earnings per equity share :			
	Basic		8.61	(4.84)
	Diluted		8.61	(4.84)

The attached notes 1 to 34 are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our attached report of even date.

FOR M/S **K.S. AIYAR & CO.**
Firm Registration Number : 100186W
Chartered Accountants

RAJESH JOSHI
Partner
Membership Number : 038526

Pune:27th May, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors.

ROHINI G. KALYANI
Executive Chairperson
(DIN:00519565)

ABHIJIT SEN
Director
(DIN:00002593)

ROHAN DESHPANDE
Company Secretary

LAXMI NARAYAN PATRA
Chief Financial Officer

Pune:27th May, 2022

Pune:27th May, 2022

Cash Flow Statement

As On March 31, 2022

₹ in Lakhs

A. CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Profit before Taxation	402.12	(207.24)
Less:	IND AS adjustments	(15.85)	19.43
	Revised Profit before Taxation	417.97	(187.80)
Add:	Depreciation	1,234.24	1,282.36
	Loss on assets sold, discarded, scrapped	-	44.35
	Debit balances written off	-	-
	Bad Debts Written off	461.77	-
	Provision for doubtful debts	-	276.68
	Finance Cost	362.70	280.06
	Sundry debit balances written off/Advances Written off	0.91	1.07
	Interest Expense - ST Def/Pac Scheme	-	4.47
		2,059.62	1,888.99
		2,477.59	1,701.19
Less:	Dividend Received	-	-
	Surplus on sale of assets during the year	(40.21)	-
	Provision for doubtful debts written back	-	-
	Interest Income - ST Def/Pac Scheme	-	(13.51)
	Provision no longer required AND Others	(35.39)	(37.47)
	Taxation in respect of earlier years	-	-
	Interest on Income Tax Refund	-	-
	Interest Received	-	-
		(75.59)	(50.98)
	Operating profit before working capital changes	2,401.99	1,650.21
	(Increase)/Decrease in Current & Non-Current Assets		
	Inventories	(399.06)	(469.25)
	Trade Receivables	(1,041.06)	(1,322.65)
	Other Current Assets and Loans & Advances	400.73	294.26
	Trade Payable	(126.86)	107.88
	Increase/(Decrease) in Non-Current Liabilities	27.11	466.12
		(1,139.14)	(923.64)
	Net cash generated from operations	1,262.85	726.56
Less:	Income tax paid	150.69	(15.68)
	NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,112.16	742.24
B.CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
	Expensed/Advance for Property, Plant and Equipment	(466.98)	(141.70)
	Sale Proceeds of Assets	53.68	15.26
	Dividend received	-	-
	NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(413.30)	(126.45)
C. CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
	Availment /(Repayment) in Cash Credit & PCFC from Banks	(12.06)	222.16
	Availment /(Repayment)in Other Secured Loans	(71.62)	(655.06)
	Availment /(Repayment) in Unsecured Loans	-	-
	Interest & Finance Charges paid	(362.70)	(280.06)
	Dividend paid (including out of unpaid dividend)	(76.12)	(36.38)

Cash Flow Statement

As On March 31, 2022

₹ in Lakhs

NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(522.50)	(749.34)
NET INCREASE/(USE) OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		176.35	(133.55)
Opening Balances of Cash and Cash equivalents		10.26	143.80
Closing Balances of Cash and Cash equivalents		186.61	10.26

As per our attached report of even date.

FOR **M/S K.S. AIYAR & CO.**

Firm Registration Number : 100186W
Chartered Accountants

RAJESH JOSHI

Partner
Membership Number : 038526

Pune:27th May, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors.

ROHINI G. KALYANI
Executive Chairperson
(DIN:00519565)

ABHIJIT SEN
Director
(DIN:00002593)

ROHAN DESHPANDE
Company Secretary

LAXMI NARAYAN PATRA
Chief Financial Officer

Pune:27th May, 2022

Pune:27th May, 2022

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

1: Significant Accounting Policies

1.1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements:

"These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendments issued thereafter.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use."

1.2 Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS which requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from the estimates and assumptions used in preparing the accompanying financial statements. Any revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively in future periods. Key sources of estimation of uncertainty at the date of the financial statements which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of useful lives of property, plant and equipment, provisions and contingent liabilities.

1.3 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation:

- (i) Since there is no change in the functional currency, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognized in its Indian GAAP financial statements as deemed cost at the transition date viz. April 1, 2016. Property, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisitions including incidental expenses related to acquisition and installation of the concerned assets and including cost of specific borrowings. The Property, plant and equipment manufactured internally by the Company are stated at manufacturing cost. Property, plant and equipment are shown net of accumulated depreciation, except free hold and, which is at cost.
- (ii) Expenditure on New Projects and Expenditure during the construction etc:-
In case of new projects and in case of substantial modernization or expansion at the existing units of the company, expenditure incurred including interest on borrowings and financing cost of specific loan, prior to the commencement of commercial production is being capitalized to the cost of asset. Trial run expenditure is also capitalized.
- (iii) Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Expenditure incurred in development phase, where it is reasonably certain that outcome of development will be commercially exploited to yield future economic benefit to the company is considered as an intangible asset. Such developmental expenditure is capitalized at cost including share of allocable expenses.
- (iv) Depreciation / Amortization on Assets (other than Freehold Land) : "Pursuant to enactment of the companies act 2013 (the 'Act'), the company has revised useful life of its Property, plant and equipment as per provision of schedule II of the said act. Accordingly the company provides depreciation on all its assets on the "Straight Line Method" in accordance with the said act.
Cost of Power line is being amortized over a period of 7.5 years when put to use."

Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight line basis, commencing from the date the asset is available to the Company for its intended use.

1.4 Inventories:

- (i) Stores and spares, raw materials and components are valued at cost or net realizable value whichever is lower, Cost of Inventories has been computed to include all cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.
- (ii) Cost of Raw materials is ascertained on weighted moving average basis.
- (iii) Work-in-process, Dies under fabrication and Finished Goods are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.
- (iv) Scrap and Non-moving semi-finished goods, slow-moving and obsolete items, are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.
- (v) Stock of Trial Product is valued at cost.
- (vi) Dies, Die Block and Die Steel are valued at material cost.
- (vii) Goods in transit are stated at actual cost up to the date of Balance Sheet.

1.5 Research & Development costs:

- (i) Capital Expenditure is included in Fixed Assets & Capital Work in Progress and depreciation is provided at the respective applicable rates.
- (ii) Revenue expenditure incurred on R&D is included in the respective account heads in the financial statements.

1.6 Share Issue expenses

Share issue expenses are written off over a period of ten years

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

1.7 Post employment and other employee benefits:

- (i) Short terms employee benefits -
Short-term employee benefits such as salaries, wages, performance incentives etc. are recognised as expenses at the undiscounted amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the period in which the related service is rendered. Expenses on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.
- (ii) Provident Fund -
Benefits in the form of Provident Fund and Pension Scheme whether in pursuance of law or otherwise which are defined contributions and are accounted on accrual basis and charged to statement of profit and loss of the year.
- (iii) Gratuity -
The employees' gratuity fund scheme is Company's defined benefit plan. Payment for present liability of future payment of gratuity is being made to the approved gratuity fund under cash accumulation policy of the Life Insurance Corporation of India. The Employees' gratuity, a defined benefit plan, is determined based on valuations, as at the balance sheet date, made by an independent actuary using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, in respect of gratuity are recognised in the OCI, in the period in which they occur and is not eligible to be reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods. Past service cost is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of plan amendment or curtailment. The classification of the Company's obligation into current and non-current is as per the actuarial valuation report.
- (iv) Privilege Leave Benefits -
Accumulated leave which is expected to be utilised within next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. Leave entitlement, other than short term compensated absences, are provided based on a actuarial valuation, similar to that of gratuity benefit. Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, in respect of leave entitlement are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occurred.
- (v) Termination Benefits -
Termination benefits such as compensation under voluntary retirement scheme is recognized as liability in the year of termination.

1.8 Foreign Currency Transactions

- (i) Initial recognition -
The company's financial statements are presented in INR , which is also its functional currency. Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount, the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of transaction.
- (ii) Conversion -
Monetary Assets and Liabilities, designated in foreign currencies are revalued at the rate prevailing on the date of Balance Sheet or forward contract rate or other appropriate contracted rate. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not revalued.
- (iii) Exchange Differences -
Exchange difference arising on the settlement and conversion on foreign currency transactions is recognized as income or expenses in the year in which it arises.

1.9 Investments and Other Financial Assets:

- (i) Initial Recognition
In the case of financial assets, not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.
- (ii) Subsequent Measurement
For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:-
 - a. Financial Assets at Amortised Cost
Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model with an objective to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method. Impairment gains or losses arising on these assets are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
 - b. Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value
Financial assets are measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI") if these financial assets are held within a business model with an objective to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell these financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

In respect of equity investments (other than for investment in subsidiaries and associates) which are not held for trading, the Company has made an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of such instruments in OCI. Such an election is made by the Company on an instrument by instrument basis at the time of transition for existing equity instruments/ initial recognition for new equity instruments.

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

1.10 Revenue Recognition:

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company has concluded that it is principal in its revenue arrangements, because it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

The policy of recognizing the revenue is determined by the five stage model proposed by Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contract with customers"

- (i) Revenue from the domestic sales is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates.
- (ii) Revenue from export sales are recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on the basis of date of Bill of Lading. Export incentives are accounted for on Export of goods if the entitlements can be estimated with reasonable accuracy and conditions precedent to claim are fulfilled.
- (iii) Dividend is recorded in the year in which right to receive payment is established.
- (iv) Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method.

1.11 Cash Flow Statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non cash nature and any deferral or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

1.12 Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with bank. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.13 Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing Costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized till the month in which the asset is ready to be put to use, as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which these are incurred.

1.14 Earnings per share:

The basic & diluted earning per share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholder for the period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

1.15 Impairment of Assets:

The Management assesses for any impairment of assets or cash generating units, if indicators, external or internal, suggest possibilities of reduction in net realisable value of assets or value in use of cash generating units below their carrying costs. Impairments, if any, is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

1.16 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimates. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. A disclosure of contingent liability is made where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources.

1.17 Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant or subsidy relates to revenue, it is recognized as income on a systematic basis in the statement of profit and loss over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs, which they are intended to compensate. Where the grant relates to an asset, it is recognized as deferred income and is allocated to statement of profit and loss over the periods and in the proportions in which depreciation on those assets is charged.

When loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions, with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favourable interest is regarded as a government grant. The loan or assistance is initially recognised and measured at fair value and the government grant is measured as the difference between the initial carrying value of the loan and the proceeds received. The loan is subsequently measured as per the accounting policy applicable to financial liabilities.

1.18 Taxation

Current Income

Tax Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current tax is recognized in statement of profit and loss, except when it relates to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive income or Equity, in which case Current Tax is also recognized in Other Comprehensive income or Equity.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- (i) When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- (ii) In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognized in statement of profit and loss, except when it relates to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive income or Equity, in which case Deferred Tax is also recognized in Other Comprehensive income or Equity.

1.19 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

1.20 New Amendments

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

- i Ind AS 103 – Reference to Conceptual Framework
The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103.
- ii Ind AS 16 – Proceeds before intended use
The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss.
- iii Ind AS 37 – Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract
The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts.
- iv Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)
The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability.
- v Ind AS 116 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)
The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company is assessing the impact of these changes and will accordingly incorporate the same in the financial statements for the year ending March 2023.

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 1: Property Plant and Equipment

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Freehold Land	Buildings	Roads	Plant & Machinery	Electrical Installation	Factory Equipment	Laboratory Equipments	Furniture & Fixtures	Office Equipment	Data Processing Equipment	Vehicles	TOTAL	CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS
Year ended 31 March 2022													
Gross carrying amount													
Cost as at 01.04.2021	213.04	1,613.31	2.06	8,512.67	477.55	293.49	168.11	38.00	37.25	57.98	24.98	11,438.44	-
Additions	-	-	-	279.14	4.65	46.63	-	-	1.69	0.75	6.05	338.91	230.93
Disposals	-	-	-	(467.28)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(467.28)	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing gross carrying amount	213.04	1,613.31	2.06	8,324.52	482.20	340.11	168.11	38.00	38.94	58.73	31.03	11,310.06	230.93
Accumulated depreciation													
Accumulated depreciation as at 01 April 2021	-	396.23	2.06	5,083.20	246.06	205.72	83.60	23.40	27.52	53.76	17.16	6,138.72	-
Depreciation charge during the year	-	80.35	-	1,016.13	50.91	45.31	25.97	3.82	3.79	2.74	2.22	1,231.24	-
Disposals	-	-	-	(453.81)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(453.81)	-
Closing accumulated depreciation	-	476.58	2.06	5,645.52	296.97	251.03	109.57	27.22	31.31	56.50	19.39	6,916.16	-
Net carrying amount as at 31.03.2022	213.04	1,136.73	0.00	2,679.00	185.22	89.08	58.54	10.78	7.63	2.23	11.64	4,393.90	230.93
Year ended 31 March 2021													
Gross carrying amount													
Cost as at 01.04.2020	213.04	1,604.32	2.06	8,773.80	477.55	293.49	168.11	38.00	37.25	57.45	24.98	11,690.04	-
Additions	-	8.99	-	107.95	-	-	-	-	-	0.54	-	117.48	113.25
Disposals	-	-	-	(369.09)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(369.09)	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing gross carrying amount	213.04	1,613.31	2.06	8,512.67	477.55	293.49	168.11	38.00	37.25	57.98	24.98	11,438.44	113.25
Accumulated depreciation													

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Freehold Land	Buildings	Roads	Plant & Machinery	Electrical Installation	Factory Equipment	Laboratory Equipments	Furniture & Fixtures	Office Equipment	Data Processing Equipment	Vehicles	TOTAL	CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS
Accumulated depreciation as at 01 April 2020	-	316.00	2.06	4,341.13	186.52	161.62	55.91	19.34	22.28	50.41	15.45	5,170.72	-
Depreciation charge during the year	-	80.22	-	1,051.56	59.55	44.10	27.69	4.06	5.24	3.36	1.71	1,277.48	-
Disposals	-	-	-	(309.48)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(309.48)	-
Closing accumulated depreciation	-	396.23	2.06	5,083.20	246.06	205.72	83.60	23.40	27.52	53.76	17.16	6,138.72	-
Net carrying amount as at 31.03.2021	213.04	1,217.08	0.00	3,429.46	231.48	87.77	84.51	14.60	9.73	4.22	7.81	5,299.72	113.25

Capital work-in-progress - Tangible Assets

Note 1a : Capital work-in-progress ageing

Particulars	Capital work-in-progress Ageing Schedule as on 31.03.2022 (Amount in Rs. lakhs)				Total
	Amounts in capital work-in-progress for a period of Less than one year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Projects in progress	230.93	-	-	-	230.93
(ii) Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Capital work-in-progress Ageing Schedule as on 31.03.2021 (Amount in Rs. lakhs)				Total
	Amounts in capital work-in-progress for a period of Less than one year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Projects in progress	51.90	19.59	3.46	-	74.94
(ii) Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 2 : Intangible assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	COMPUTER SOFTWARE	TOTAL	CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS
Year ended 31 March 2022			
Gross carrying amount			
Cost as at 01.04.2021	64.83	64.83	-
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-
Closing gross carrying amount	64.83	64.83	-
Accumulated depreciation			
Accumulated depreciation as at 01 April 2021	61.50	61.50	-
Depreciation charge during the year	3.00	3.00	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Closing accumulated depreciation	64.50	64.50	-
Net carrying amount as at 31.03.2022	0.32	0.32	-
Year ended 31 March 2021			
Gross carrying amount			
Cost as at 01.04.2020	64.83	64.83	-
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-
Closing gross carrying amount	64.83	64.83	-
Accumulated depreciation			
Accumulated depreciation as at 01 April 2020	56.63	56.63	-
Depreciation charge during the year	4.88	4.88	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Closing accumulated depreciation	61.51	61.51	-
Net carrying amount as at 31.03.2021	3.32	3.32	-

Note 3: Investments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Nos	₹ in lakhs	Nos	₹ in lakhs
A. INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT AMORTISED COST				
I. Quoted Investments				
II. Unquoted Investments (all fully paid)				
(a) Investments in Equity Instruments				
The Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank Ltd	2000	0.50	2000	0.50
TOTAL INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT AMORTISED COST [A]		0.50		0.50
B. Less : Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments		-		-
TOTAL IMPAIRMENT VALUE (B)		-		-
TOTAL INVESTMENTS CARRYING VALUE (A) - (B)		0.50		0.50

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 4: Deferred tax assets (net)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
A. Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities		
1) On difference between book balance and tax balance of fixed assets	-88.43	22.23
	-88.43	22.23
1. Provision for compensated absences, gratuity and other employee benefits	253.43	220.13
2. Provision for doubtful debt / advances	-	31.46
3. Provision for Local Taxes	19.75	
	273.18	251.59
Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability) (Net)	361.61	229.35

Note 5: Income tax assets (net)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Current Tax Asset:		
Advance income tax (net)	77.24	147.66
Total	77.24	147.66

Note 6: Other Non Current Assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Capital advances	43.17	32.77
(b) Advances to suppliers	-	-
(c) Balances with government authorities (other than income taxes)	353.24	358.92
(d) Advances to Employees	-	-
TOTAL	396.41	391.69

Note 7: Inventories

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Raw materials	1,930.34	1,434.34
(b) Work-in-progress, at cost	1,835.10	1,988.22
(c) Completed Finished Goods	202.16	307.61
(d) Stores and spares	198.85	179.04
(e) Loose Tools	222.23	213.79
(f) Others - Scrap	374.89	243.51
(g) Die Room Inventory:		
Dies at cost	38.37	38.37
Fabrication, at cost	85.02	83.03
(h) Stock of shares, units of mutual funds	-	-
TOTAL	4,886.96	4,487.90

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 8: Trade Receivables

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Trade receivables		
(a) Secured, considered good		
(b) Unsecured, considered good	7,281.73	6,702.45
(c) Unsecured, considered Doubtful	-	121.00
Impairment allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful assets)		
(a) Unsecured, considered doubtful	-	121.00
Total	7,281.73	6,702.45

Note 9: Cash and cash equivalents

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Current Cash and bank balances		
(a) Balances with banks		
In current accounts	186.60	10.25
In deposit accounts	-	-
(b) Cash in hand	0.01	0.01
Total	186.61	10.26

Note 10: Other Bank Balances

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Other bank balances		
(a) Balances held as margin money or security against borrowings, guarantees and other commitments	290.97	225.60
(b) Earmarked accounts - unpaid dividend accounts	12.18	36.27
Total	303.15	261.87

Note 11: Other Current Financial Assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Financial assets at amortised cost		
a) Security Deposits		
- Secured, considered good	-	171.86
- Unsecured, considered good	-	-
- Doubtful	-	-
Less : Allowance for bad and doubtful deposits	-	-
	-	171.86
b) Other items		
Interest Receivable	6.38	8.47
Loan Processing Fees	-	-
Total Financial assets at amortised cost	6.38	180.32
Total	6.38	180.32

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 12: Other Current Assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Nos	₹ in lakhs	Nos	₹ in lakhs
(a) Advances to suppliers		65.93		158.16
(b) Capital Advances		-		114.55
(c) Advances to related parties		-		-
(d) Advances to employees		20.88		64.69
(e) Balances with government authorities (other than income taxes)*		89.54		109.81
(f) Prepayments		42.88		34.41
(g) Others*		0.41		0.41
Total		219.64		482.03

*This includes Export Incentive receivable of ₹ 46.90 lakhs and RODTP ₹ 20.18 lakhs

Note 13: Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Nos	₹ in lakhs	Nos	₹ in lakhs
Authorised:				
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	7,500,000	750.00	7,500,000	750.00
Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10/- each	5,000,000	500.00	5,000,000	500.00
Unclassified Shares of ₹ 10/- each	2,500,000	250.00	2,500,000	250.00
	15,000,000	1,500.00	15,000,000	1,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid:				
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	3,640,000	364	3,640,000	364
Forfeited Equity Shares	2,000	0.10	2,000	0.10
Total	3,638,000	363.90	3,638,000	363.90

1 Reconciliation of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the Reporting period

	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	No. Of Shares	₹ in lakhs	No. Of Shares	₹ in lakhs
At the beginning of the period	3,638,000	363.90	3,638,000	363.90
Issued/ Reduction if any during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the Period	3,638,000	363.90	3,638,000	363.90

2 Terms/Rights attached to the equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10/- each. Each equity holder is entitled to one vote per share and have a right to receive dividend as recommended by Board of Directors subject to the necessary approval from the shareholders.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

3 Shares held by holding/ultimate holding Company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

NIL

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

4 Number of Shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the company

Sr. No.	Name of Shareholders	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
		No. of Shares	% Of Holding	No. of Shares	% Of Holding
1	BF Investments Limited	569,600	15.66	569,600	15.66
2	Kalyani Consultants Pvt. Ltd.	377,280	10.37	377,280	10.37
3	Vakratund Investments Pvt. Ltd.	342,342	9.41	342,342	9.41
4	Pax Investments Pvt. Ltd.	340,074	9.35	340,074	9.35
5	Squirrel Financers & Investors Pvt. Ltd.	186,480	5.13	186,480	5.13

Details of promoters Shareholding percentage in the Company is as below:

		As at March 31, 2022		% Change during the year
		No. of Shares	% of Issued Share Capital	
A	Name of Promoter			
1	Gaurishankar Neelkanth Kalyani	47020	1.2925	Nil
2	Viraj Gaurishankar Kalyani	33285	0.9149	Nil
3	Rohini Gaurishankar Kalyani	32236	0.8861	Nil
4	Sheetal Gaurishankar Kalyani	31635	0.8696	Nil
B	Name of Promoter group			
1	Kalyani Consultants Pvt.Ltd.	377280	10.3705	Nil
2	Vakratund Investment Pvt Ltd	342342	9.4102	Nil
3	Pax Investments Pvt Ltd	340074	9.3478	Nil
4	Squirrel Financers And Investors Pvt Ltd	186480	5.1259	Nil
5	Bellona Investment Pvt Ltd	173124	4.7588	Nil
6	Kalyani Exports & Investments Pvt.Ltd.	95600	2.6278	Nil
7	Attila Investment Pvt Ltd	94500	2.5976	Nil
8	Monte Carlo Investment Private Limited	94500	2.5976	Nil
9	Vikat Investment Pvt Ltd	65520	1.801	Nil
10	Dukhaharta Investment Pvt Ltd	64260	1.7664	Nil
11	Sukhakarta Investment Pvt Ltd	64260	1.7664	Nil
12	Agasti Investment & Trading Private Limited	35280	0.9698	Nil
13	Rajgad Trading Company Pvt.Ltd	28200	0.7752	Nil
14	Aboli Investment Pvt Ltd	26500	0.7284	Nil
15	Jannhavi Investment Private Limited	200	0.0055	Nil

6 Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, share issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date: NIL

7 The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 27th May, 2022 have recommended a payment of final dividend of Rs 3.00/- per equity shares of face value of Rs 10 each for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2022, the dividend payment amounts to Rs 109.14/- lakhs.

The above is subject to approval at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company and hence is not recognised as a liability.

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 14: Statement of changes in equity for the period ended March 31, 2022

		₹ in Lakhs		
Equity share capital	Opening balance as at April 1, 2021	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Closing balance as at March 31, 2022	
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	364	-	364	
Other Equity	364	-	364	

Reserves and Surplus

								₹ in Lakhs
Particular	Capital reserve	Securities premium reserve	General reserve	Other re-serveCapital Redemption Reserve	Other comprehensive income (OCI)	Retained earnings	Total	
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	25.00	691.63	927.40	10.00	(248.60)	8,249.98	9,655.40	
Total Comprehensive income for the year					15.85	313.26	329.11	
Dividend and tax thereon						(54.57)	(54.57)	
Transfer from retained earnings						-	-	
Proposed dividend and tax thereon.							-	
Balance at the end of the reporting period	25.00	691.63	927.40	10.00	(232.75)	8,508.67	9,929.94	

As per our attached report of even date.

FOR **M/S K.S. AIYAR & CO.**

Firm Registration Number : 100186W
Chartered Accountants

RAJESH JOSHI

Partner
Membership Number : 038526

Pune:27th May, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors.

ROHINI G. KALYANI

Executive Chairperson
(DIN:00519565)

ROHAN DESHPANDE

Company Secretary

Pune:27th May, 2022

ABHIJIT SEN

Director
(DIN:00002593)

LAXMI NARAYAN PATRA

Chief Financial Officer

Pune:27th May, 2022

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 15: Non Current Borrowings

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Measured at amortised cost*		
A. Secured Borrowings:		
(a) Term Loans		
(1) From Banks		
State Bank of India (Note 1)	8.60	-
Total Secured Borrowings	8.60	-
B. Unsecured Borrowings - at amortised Cost		
(a) Term Loans		
(1) From Banks	-	-
(b) Deferred payment liabilities (Note 2)	-	-
Total Unsecured Borrowings	-	-
Total Borrowings carried at Amortised Cost	8.60	-
Measured at FVTPL		
1) Bonds / Debentures	-	-
2) Term Loans	-	-
Total Borrowings carried at FVTPL	-	-
Total Borrowings	8.60	-

*Terms of Repayment

1. Term Loan of ₹ 8,59,896/- (Sanction ₹ 11,50,00,000/-) was availed from State Bank of India, IFB, Pune out of the total sanction limit at the rate of interest of 4.45% above MCLR-6 M.

2. Sales Tax Deferral Liability under package scheme of incentive 2001-02, 2002-03, 2003-04, 2004-05, 2005-06 as on 31st March 2022 amounted to ₹ 42,46,784/- (P.Y. Rs 42,46,784/-). Out of these, ₹ 42,46,784/- (P.Y. ₹ 42,46,784/-) is treated as current maturities of long term debts as on 31st March 2022

Nature of security for Item no. A (a) (1)

For the above Rupee Term Loan, the company has created the first charge in favour of lending banks by way of hypothecation of assets to be acquired out of bank finance as primary security and second pari passu charge by way of hypothecation/ mortgage on the present and future fixed assets including land and building situated at Sanaswadi and Koregaon Bhima, Pune as a collateral security.

Note 16: Non Current Provisions

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Provision for employee benefits		
(i) Provision for compensated absences [Leave Encashment]	230.50	214.29
(ii) Gratuity	416.72	415.21
Total Provisions	647.22	629.50

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 17: Current Borrowings

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
A. Secured Borrowings - at Amortised cost:		
(a) Loans repayable on demand		
(1) From Banks		
- Working Capital Demand Loans		
ICICI Bank FCNRB	-	-
SBI FCNB	-	-
IDBI Bank WCDL	-	-
- Cash Credit / Packing Credits		
Cash credit from Bank	2,597.76	2,609.83
Packing credit foreign currency loan	-	-
Total Secured Borrowings	2,597.76	2,609.83
B. Unsecured Borrowings - at Amortised cost:		
(a) Loans repayable on demand		
From Banks		
- Working Capital Demand Loans	-	-
- Cash Credit / Packing Credits	-	-
- Overdraft facility	-	-
- Others	-	-
Total Unsecured Borrowings	-	-
Total Current Borrowings	2,597.76	2,609.83

Notes :-

- Company's fund and non fund based working capital facilities of ₹ 74,50,00,000/- are secured by first charge by way of hypothecation on pari passu basis with existing working capital lenders (State Bank of India-Lead Bank and HDFC Bank Ltd.) over the company's entire current assets including stocks, WIP, receivables and finished goods and also the second charge on the whole of the fixed assets of the Company on pari passu basis with consortium working capital lenders
- The packing credit foreign currency loan is availed from State Bank of India at the rate of Interest of Fixed Margin over USD London inter bank offer rate i.e. LIBOR

Note 18: Trade Payables

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
A) Creditors for supplies / services	3,437.96	3,563.91
i) Total outstanding due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	302.89	143.09
ii) Total outstanding due to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	3,135.07	3,420.82
Total trade payables	3,437.96	3,563.91

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 19: Other Current Financial Liabilities

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Other Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost		
(a) Current maturities of long-term debt*	42.47	122.32
(b) Interest accrued and due on borrowings	-	-
(c) Unpaid dividends	12.18	33.73
(d) Other liabilities		
(i) Creditors for capital supplies/services	21.78	29.55
(ii) Other credit balances	496.14	578.83
Total other financial liabilities	572.57	764.43

* For terms of repayment & security refer Note No. 14

Note 20: Current Provisions

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Provision for employee benefits		
(i) Leave Encashment	52.02	47.51
(ii) Gratuity	177.86	122.14
Total Provisions	229.88	169.65

Note 21: Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Advances received from customers	-	-
(b) Government Grant	-	-
(c) Others		
- Employee Recoveries and Employer Contributions	275.61	181.22
- Statutory Dues (GST, sales tax, TDS, Royalty etc.)	281.94	340.98
- Other credit balances	-	31.50
TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES	557.55	553.70

Note 22: Revenue from Operations

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Sale of products	24,586.17	18,008.12
(b) Other Operating Revenues		
- Export incentives	63.52	70.24
- Miscellaneous receipts	0.52	
Total	24,650.21	18,078.36

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 23: Other Income

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Interest Income		
Interest income earned on financial assets that are not designated as at fair value through profit and loss	21.16	23.56
Other gains and losses		
(a) Gain on foreign exchange fluctuations, net	-	-
(b) Sundry Balances Written Back	35.38	33.35
(c) Discount received	23.14	35.83
(d) Dividend received	-	-
(e) Deferred Income	-	13.52
(f) Miscellaneous Income	11.75	41.81
(g) Gain on sale of property plant and equipments	40.21	
Total	131.63	148.07

Note 24: Cost of raw materials and components consumed

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(a) Raw materials consumed		
Opening stocks	1,434.34	900.24
Less : Value of obsolete and non-moving material written-down (net of realisable value)	-	-
Add : Purchases	13,544.03	9,730.62
Less : Stocks at close	1,930.34	1,434.34
Subtotal (a)	13,048.03	9,196.51
(b) Dies consumed		
Dies	38.37	38.37
Die Blocks, Die Steel and Dies under fabrication	83.03	91.43
Opening stocks	121.40	129.80
Add: Purchases and processing charges	60.42	27.19
Sub total	181.81	156.99
Less: Stock at close		
Dies	38.37	38.37
Die Blocks, Die Steel and Dies under fabrication	85.02	83.03
Sub total	123.39	121.40
Subtotal (b)	58.42	35.59
Total	13,106.46	9,232.11

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 25: Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(Increase)/decrease in stocks		
Less : Opening stocks		
Work-in-process	2,145.48	1,988.22
Finished goods	60.70	307.61
Scrap	350.76	243.51
Stocks at close:		
Work-in-process	1,835.10	2,145.48
Finished goods	202.16	60.70
Scrap	374.89	350.76
	144.79	17.60
Shares, Units of Mutual Funds		
Stock at close	-	-
Less: Stock at commencement	-	-
	-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in excise duty on stocks		
Excise duty on opening inventories	-	-
Excise duty on closing inventories	-	-
	-	-
Total	144.79	17.60

Note 26: Employee Benefit Expense

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Salaries and wages, including bonus	3,039.96	2,276.27
Contribution to provident and other funds	141.08	107.69
Gratuity Expenses	79.06	79.34
Staff welfare expenses	263.79	174.84
Total	3,523.89	2,638.15

Note 27: Finance Cost

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Interest expense		
- On Bank Borrowings	1.82	30.65
- On Cash credit	292.59	230.18
Other borrowing cost- Bank charges	68.29	47.33
Exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs	-	(28.11)
Total	362.70	280.06

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 28: Depreciation and amortization expense

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Depreciation		
Property, Plant and Equipment	1,231.24	1,277.48
Other Intangible assets	3.00	4.88
Total	1,234.24	1,282.36

Note 29: Other Expenses

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Manufacturing Expenses		
Stores, spares and tools consumed	1,325.08	985.92
Processing charges	637.67	689.67
Power and fuel	2,292.88	1,923.14
Repairs to building	1.41	3.93
Repairs to machinery	294.61	257.41
Freight Charges	139.55	124.77
Other manufacturing expenses	30.05	22.98
	4,721.25	4,007.82
Selling Expenses		
Freight and forwarding	260.57	200.28
Royalty, technical and license fees etc.	0.25	0.25
Other selling expenses	5.01	0.73
	265.83	201.26
Administration Expenses		
Rent	3.24	3.24
Rates and taxes	71.00	-3.85
Insurance (Including Keyman Insurance)	96.54	88.75
Other repairs and maintenance	1.23	0.07
Travelling and conveyance	3.97	10.76
Vehicle Expenses(Including on hired vehicles)	100.59	54.01
Professional & consultancy fees	73.39	67.03
Auditor's remuneration (refer note 31.3)	18.66	16.50
Director's Sitting Fees	2.42	2.67
Donation	-	-
Directors' commission	4.05	5.07
Miscellaneous expenses	179.58	180.28
Loss on assets sold, demolished, discarded and scrapped	-	44.35
Provision for doubtful debts	-	276.68
Sundry balances written off	0.91	1.07
Loss on foreign exchange fluctuations, net	3.21	27.67
Bad Debts written off	461.77	-
Excess Prov. for Bad and doubtful debt reversed	-	-
	1,020.56	774.31
Total	6,007.64	4,983.38

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

NOTE NO. 30

30.1 Contingent Liability not provided for in respect of :

- i. Bills discounting
- ii. Claims against the Company, not acknowledged as debts
- iii. Disputed Income Tax demand, matter under appeal
- iv. Disputed Excise demand, matter under appeal
- v. In respect of export obligation under EPCG
- vi. In respect of Bank Guarantee (*)

*Guarantees given by the company's Banker's on behalf of the Company, against sanctioned guarantee limits (BG+LC-one way interchangeability from LC to BG limit) aggregating to Rs. 1300 lakhs as at 31st March 2022 (As at 31st March 2021 Rs. 1300 lakhs for contracts undertaken by the Company and other matters are secured by extension of charge by way of joint hypothecation of stock in trade, stores and spares etc., book debts subject to prior change in their favour. Amount outstanding as on 31st March, 2022 is Rs. 220.30 lakhs (31st March 2021 Rs 220.30 Lakhs)

30.2 Estimated Amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Account and Not provided for (net of advances)

30.3 Payments to Auditors
Statutory Audit
Tax Audit
In Other Capacity :
For Limited Review & Others
For Expenses
Total

30.4 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits

Details of Long Term Employees benefits determined by an appointed Actuary are as follows :

a) **Funded Scheme - Gratuity.**

₹ in Lakhs

As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
107.14	107.14
138.05	138.05
9.71	15.38
-	-
220.30	220.30

₹ in Lakhs

As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
180.69	76.77

₹ in Lakhs

FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
9.50	9.50
1.80	1.80
-	-
5.70	5.70
1.66	-
18.66	17.00

₹ in Lakhs

	Particulars	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
		Gratuity	Gratuity
(i)	Amounts to be recognised in Balance Sheet		
	a. Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligations		
	Funded	748.00	697.99
	b. Fair Value of Plan Assets	153.41	160.64
	c. Net Asset /(Liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(594.59)	(537.35)
(ii)	Amount to be recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss Account		
	a. Current Service Cost	41.98	41.76
	b. Interest on defined benefit obligations	37.08	32.76
	c. Expected return on planed assets	-	-
	d. Net Actuarial Losses/(Gain) Recognised in year	-	-
	Total, included in "Employee Benefits"	79.06	74.52
(iii)	Change in Defined Benefit obligation and reconciliation thereof		
	a. Present value of Defined Benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	697.99	646.70
	b. Interest Cost	47.57	43.08
	c. Current Service Cost	41.98	41.76

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars		31st March 2022	31st March 2021
		Gratuity	Gratuity
	d. Actuarial Losses/ (Gains)	(22.43)	(26.12)
	e. Benefits Paid	(17.12)	(7.43)
	f. Present value of Defined Benefit obligation at the close of the year	748.00	697.99
(iv)	Change in the fair value of Plan Assets and the reconciliation thereof		
	a. Fair value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the Year	160.64	157.74
	b. Add : Expected return on Plan Assets	10.49	10.32
	c. Add/ (Less) : Actuarial (Losses) / Gains	(0.47)	0.15
	d. Add : Contributions by employer	-	-
	e. Less -Benefits Paid	(17.12)	(7.43)
	f. Mortality charges & taxes	(0.13)	(0.14)
	g. Fair value of Plan Assets at the closed of the year	153.41	160.64
(v)	Broad Categories of plan assets as a percentage of total assets as at 31st March, 2019		
	a. Insurer Managed Funds	100%	100%
	TOTAL	100%	100%
(vi)	Summary of the Actuarial Assumptions		
	Discount Rate		
	Particulars	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
	Present Value of Unfunded Obligations		
	Discount Rate	7.10%	6.90%
	Salary Escalation Rate %	5.00%	5.00%

30.5 Movement in Leave Encashment (Long Term & Short Term Compensated Absences)

₹ in Lakhs

Year	Opening Balance	Addition (Net)	Closing Balance
2021-22	261.80	20.72	282.52
2020-21	183.92	77.88	261.80

30.6 The disclosure pursuant to the MSMED Act, 2006 is as under:

₹ in Lakhs

		31st Mar'2022	31st Mar'2021
a)	(i) The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier	302.89	143.09
	(ii) The interest due on above.	43.55	2.28
	The total of (i) & (ii)	346	145
b)	The amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act.	-	-
c)	the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	54.93	47.99
d)	The amounts of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of financial year	43.55	2.28
e)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, included in (d) above, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises.	-	-

Note: The information has been given in respect of such vendors to the extent they could be identified as "Micro and Small" enterprises on the basis of information available with the Company.

30.7 (a) The company has single Product, viz. "Forgings" consequently there are no Reportable Segments of the company as per Ind AS 108 "Operating segments"

96 (b) Disclosures of transactions with Related Parties as required by Ind AS - 24 "Related Party Disclosures" is given below. Related parties as defined under clause 3 of the Accounting Standard have been identified on the basis of representations made by the Key Managerial Personnel, information available with the company and taken on record by the Board.

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

₹ in Lakhs

Sr. No.	Nature of relationship / Name of related party	Nature of Transaction	FY 2021-22		FY 2020-21	
			Transaction Value (Rs.)	Outstanding Amounts carried in the Balance Sheet (Rs.)	Transaction Value (Rs.)	Outstanding Amounts carried in the Balance Sheet (Rs.)
	Key Managerial personnel					
1	Mrs. R. G. Kalyani	Salary	19.77	0.74	19.02	1.73
	(Executive Chairperson)	Commission	-	-	-	-
		Total	19.77	0.74	19.02	1.73
	Relative of Key Managerial Personnel					
2	Mr. Viraj G. Kalyani	Salary	20.75	1.73	19.02	1.73
	(Executive Director and CEO)	Commission	-	-	-	-
		Total	20.75	1.73	19.02	1.73
	Relative of Key Managerial Personnel					
3	Mr. G.N. Kalyani	Commission	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01
	(Director)	Siting fees	0.70	-	0.62	-
		Total	1.71	1.01	1.63	1.01
	Enterprise in which Key Managerial Person is common					
4	NSF Trust	Rent	3.24	-	3.24	6.48
		Total	3.24	-	3.24	6.48
	Enterprise in which Key Managerial Person is common					
5	Kalyani Property Pvt.Ltd.	Royalty	0.25	-	0.25	1.75
		Total	0.25	-	0.25	1.75
	Enterprise in which Key Managerial Person is common					
6	Shrid Metal Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	Rent - Revenue	2.40	2.24	0.60	0.60
		Other advances (not considered in the nature of loan)	23.30	23.30	-	-
		Total	25.70	25.54	0.60	0.60

30.8 Earnings Per Share:
Earnings attributable to the equity share holder
Total weighted average No. of shares
(a) Basic
(b) Diluted

₹ in Lakhs	
FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
313.26	(176.03)
3,638,000	3,638,000
8.61	(4.84)
8.61	(4.84)

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

30.9 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY EXPENCES

- a. Gross amount spent by the Company on CSR activities during the financial year ended March 31, 2022 is Rs 8.31 lakhs (Previous Year Rs 10.82 lakhs).
- b. Amount spent during the year on:

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	FY 21-22	FY 20-21
Unspent CSR Expenditure carried forward from previous year (Opening provision)	8.31	12.00
Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year		7.13
Amount of expenditure incurred on		
Construction / acquisition of any asset	-	
On purposes other than (i) above through contribution to	8.31	10.82
Short fall at the end of the year (Closing Provision)	-	8.31

* During the year there was no CSR liability pursuant to section 135(5) as per Companies Act 2013, the CSR liability which was unspent preceding year was spent during the year amounting in Rs 8.31 lakhs by way of contribution to a registered Trust.

30.10 Research and Development:

The Company has obtained approval of its In-house Research & Development (R&D) facility u/s 35(2AB) TU/IV-15(1737)/35(2AB)/3CM/(1499)/2019 dated 29.11.2019. Accordingly the Company has incurred expenses on its in house R&D Facility as follows-

Financial Year	₹ in Lakhs		
	Revenue Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	Total R&D Expenditure
2020-21	262.66		262.66
2021-22	224.44	16.52	240.96
Total	487.10	16.52	503.62

30.11 Relationship with struck of companies

Details of struck of companies with whom the company has transaction during the year or outstanding balance:

Name of struck of company	Nature of transaction with struck of company	₹ in Lakhs	
		as on 31st March-2022	as on 31st March-2021
Sukrut export private ltd	Trade payable- Services	5.07	5.07
COIN Consultancy Services Pvt.Ltd.	Trade payable- Services	0.79	0.79
KEON SOLUTIONS PVT.LTD.	Trade payable- Services	-1.56	-1.56

31. Category wise classification Financial instruments

Particulars	Refer Note no.	₹ in Lakhs			
		Non-current		Current	
		31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Financial Assets measured at Fair value through Profit or loss (FVT-PL)					
	3	0.50	0.50	-	-
Investment in Equity shares (Net of provision)*					
		0.50	0.50	-	-
Financial Assets measured at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Refer Note no.	Non-current		Current	
		31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Financial Assets measured at amortised cost					
Trade receivables	8	-	-	7,281.73	6,702.45
Cash and cash equivalents	9	-	-	186.61	10.26
Other balances with banks	10	-	-	303.15	261.87
Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposit	11	-	-	6.38	180.32
		-	-	7,777.87	7,154.89
Financial Liabilities measured at amortised cost					
Borrowings	17	-	-	2,597.76	2,609.83
Trade payables	18	-	-	3,437.96	3,563.91
Current maturities of long-term debt	19	-	-	42.47	122.32
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	19	-	-	-	-
Unpaid Dividends	19	-	-	12.18	33.73
Payable towards expenses	19	-	-	21.78	29.55
Other credit balances	19	-	-	496.14	578.83
		-	-	6,608.29	6,938.17

₹ in Lakhs

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS	Fair Value as at 31.03.2022	Fair Value hierarchy		
		Quoted price in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Financial Assets / financial liabilities				
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI)	NA	NA	NA	NA

₹ in Lakhs

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS	Fair Value as at 31.03.2021	Fair Value hierarchy		
		Quoted price in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Financial Assets / financial liabilities				
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI)	NA	NA	NA	NA

32 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

32.1 Market risk

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument.

32.2 Interest rate risk

The company has investment in fixed deposits. However interest income from fixed deposits is a residuary income and not going to affect the significant cash flow of the company.

32.3 Foreign currency risk

Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its sales and services to foreign countries, and purchases from overseas suppliers in various foreign currencies.

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

The following table analyzes foreign currency risk from financial instruments:

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022			As at 31st March 2021		
	USD	Euro	JPY	USD	Euro	JPY
Unhedged Trade receivables	7.91	4.55		4.70	3.53	-
Unhedged Trade Payables	0.09		401.03	0.05	0.08	231.73
Unhedged Advances to Trade Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	8.00	4.55	401.03	4.75	3.61	231.73

32.4 Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers and other counter parties, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of financial assets. Individual risk limits are set and periodically reviewed on the basis of such information.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectations of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized as income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables and loan from individual customers based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends. Based on the historical data, loss on collection of receivable is not material hence no additional provision considered.

Financial Assets are considered to be of good quality and there is no significant increase in credit risk.

Movement in provision for Credit Losses (provision for doubtful debts)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Opening provision	121.00	323.43
Add : Additional provision made	340.77	276.68
Less : Provision write off	461.77	479.10
Less : Provision reversed	-	-
Closing provision	0.00	121.00

32.5 Liquidity risk :

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Trade Payables Ageing

Particulars	Trade Payable Ageing Schedule as on 31.03.2022 (Amount in Rs. lakhs)					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)Gross MSME Credit	158.56	146.12	-	-	0.03	304.71
(ii) Gross Others Credit	2,193.60	1,221.13	203.17	16.28	36.36	3,670.54
Less unadjusted advance/payments	-	-	-	-	-	-
(i)Gross MSME Debit	-	2.33	-	-	-	2.33
(ii) Gross Others Debit	-	243.29	83.39	109.55	98.73	534.96
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Trade Payable Ageing Schedule as on 31.03.2021 (Amount in Rs. lakhs)					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)Gross MSME Credit	254.79	94.81	0.10	0.73	13.67	364.10
(ii) Gross Others Credit	2,886.42	667.16	218.44	45.52	202.30	4,019.84
Less unadjusted advance/payments						-
(i)Gross MSME Debit	-	16.84	-	-	-	16.84
(ii) Gross Others Debit		575.43	70.54	196.15	120.81	962.93
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME						-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others						-

* Exposure to credit risk
The carrying amount of trade receivable represents the credit exposure. The exposure to credit risk was Rs 7281.73 lakhs and Rs 6702.44 lakhs as at 31st March-2022 and 2021 respectively

Trade receivable ageing schedule

Particulars	Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule as on 31.03.2022 (Amount in Rs. lakhs)						
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -considered good	5,508.46	638.79	174.13	206.62	87.14	22.95	6,638.09
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	232.43	133.91	277.31	643.65
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule as on 31.03.2021 (Amount in Rs. lakhs)						
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -considered good	4,730.74	792.28	-	246.90	15.14	110.96	5,896.03
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	73.12	11.29	247.36	113.93	204.69	156.03	806.42
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes To Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 2022

33. A reconciliation of the income tax and deferred tax expenses to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the profit before income taxes is summarized below:

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Current tax		
Current Tax on taxable income for the year	221.11	(6.84)
Total current tax expense	221.11	(6.84)
Deferred Tax		
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	(132.25)	(33.76)
MAT Credit (taken)/utilised	-	-
Total deferred income tax expense/(benefit)	(132.25)	(33.76)
Tax in respect of earlier years	-	9.39
Total income tax expenses	88.86	(31.21)

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs	
	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company	27.82%	26.00%
Profit before tax	402.12	(207.24)
Current tax expenses on Profit before tax expenses at the enacted income tax rate in India	111.87	0.00
Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income		
Permanent Disallowances	6.93	(6.84)
Depreciation (net effect)	(110.66)	(114.78)
Deduction under section 43B of the Income Tax Act	(53.05)	4.51
Tax in respect of earlier years	-	9.39
Income exempted from income taxes	-	-
Other items	133.89	76.51
Total income tax expenses/(credit)	88.97	(31.20)

34 Previous Year's figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of the current year.

As per our attached report of even date.

FOR **M/S K.S. AIYAR & CO.**
Firm Registration Number : 100186W
Chartered Accountants

RAJESH JOSHI
Partner
Membership Number : 038526

Pune:27th May, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors.

ROHINI G. KALYANI
Executive Chairperson
(DIN:00519565)

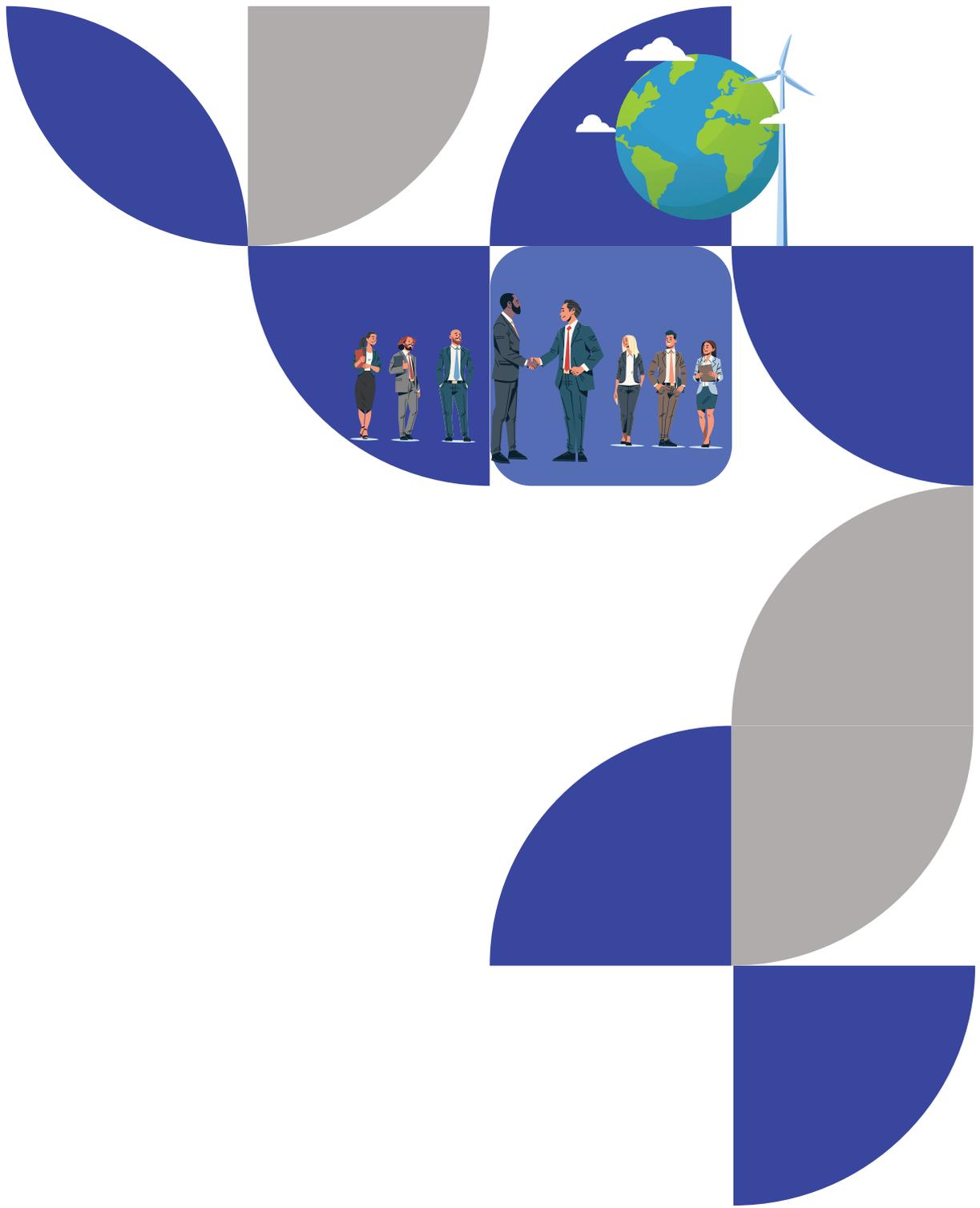
ROHAN DESHPANDE
Company Secretary

Pune:27th May, 2022

ABHIJIT SEN
Director
(DIN:00002593)

LAXMI NARAYAN PATRA
Chief Financial Officer

Pune:27th May, 2022



KALYANI FORGE



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